# THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO. | ATLANTA, GEORGIA, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1870. | VOLUME III---NUMBER 130


## Evening Edition.

Atlanta, Ga., November 17, 1870

☞ General Frank P. Blair was elected a Democratic member to the lower House of the Missouri Legislature, at the election in that State on the 8th instant.

DEATH OF COLONEL JAMES N. RAMSEY, OF COLUMBUS.—Colonel of the First Georgia Volunteer Regiment in the late war, he was well known in Georgia. He died of congestion of the brain on Wednesday, the 9th instant.

☞ We publish to-day the presentments of the grand jury of Johnson, and we concur fully with them in their views relative to the impolicy of planters mortgaging their whole crops, to purchase manures and provisions. Experience, we presume, will cure the evil, at least, among those who can reason.—*Sandersville Georgian.*

### The Relief Law Constitutional.

On Monday last, in this city, in the case of Flewellen vs. Moses et als., in an application for an injunction at Chambers, Judge Johnson determined that the Relief Law passed by the Legislature was constitutional. The case was ably argued by Ingram & Crawford for the motion, and R. J. Moses, Sr., against. [*Columbus Sun.*

### Cotton Claims.

The United States Commissioners who were appointed to take depositions, etc., in regard to cotton claims, have been in session for several months, and are still busily engaged in the performance of their duties, which will engage their attention, we understand, for several weeks to come. All interested should take due notice before their claims are forever barred.

☞ The Radical party in this State is rapidly reorniting for the fall campaign. Corporal Bullock has recently issued a proclamation pardoning fifteen burglars, who were sentenced to the penitentiary for life, and the prospects now are that "pardoning" will go on at a rapid rate until the party is brought back to something like its usual status. We may look out for a general jail delivery between now and election day.—*Savannah News.*

### Mr. Kimball will Not Accept the Radical Nomination

We have been shown a despatch from Mr. H. I. Kimball, in reply to a telegram from an Atlanta Republican, asking him to accept the Radical nomination for Mayor. Mr. Kimball states that he had no official notice of his nomination, but that he could not, under any circumstances accept a party nomination. He did not come to Georgia to meddle in politics.

### The Atlanta Constitution

This valuable city daily has recently been enlarged to contain thirty-six long columns, which are clearly printed on new type, making a sheet which will not suffer by comparison with the best conducted daily papers of America. The stanch democracy of its political articles, and its sound views on general subjects, make easy work for the good natured "Fat Boy" to extend its circulation. Success to it.—*Covington Enterprise.*

☞ The ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, that sterling organ of the Democratic party of Georgia, comes to us much enlarged. Its talented editor, Colonel I. W. Avery, has performed his duty most faithfully during his connection with that paper, and has won the favor of the people by his course. He is the "right man in the right place."

The ubiquitous Whidby is an indefatigable worker in the local department, which is adorned each day by the grace of his pen and burdened with what has happened.

Long live THE CONSTITUTION—its proprietors and its editorial corps.—*People's Defender.*

☞ Governor Bullock, of Georgia, arrived in Washington yesterday, on his way to this city to raise more money for the State that he has done so much to bankrupt. He is followed closely by the Georgia papers, which come to hand with charges that he has issued over a million dollars worth of State bonds on which to raise four hundred thousand dollars. This amount is in addition to another million which he issued a short time since, with the lithographed signature of the State Treasurer, thus making a loan exceeding two millions of dollars. This extraordinary issue of bonds the Georgia papers of Monday regard as a most extraordinary proceeding. [*New York World*, 10th.

### Atlanta and Savannah Railroad.

As will be seen by notice elsewhere, a meeting of the corporators of this road will be held at the counting-room of Hiram Roberts, Esq., in this city, on the 24th inst., for the purpose of organization. This is undoubtedly one of the most important railroad movements ever projected in this section of the State, and, as the successful issue of the scheme will conduce greatly to the advantage of Savannah, our citizens should take a lively interest, and in every possible way strive to advance it. The proposed route is by way of the Central Road to Tennille No 13, thence by almost an air-line to Atlanta. By a through train from Savannah to Atlanta the two cities will thus be brought twelve hours nearer than by either of the present routes via Macon or Augusta, the actual distance being sixty-four (64) miles less, and when the proposed connections are made via Rome, Savannah will have an almost air-line road to Memphis and the great West from seventy-five to a hundred miles nearer that city (Memphis) than either Charleston or Brunswick, an advantage that cannot fail to secure for our city the trade of, and commercial relations with all that section of country in the great Mississippi Valley which it will thus tap. Leading spirits in our community have for many years seen the immense advantages to be derived from such a connection, and the subject of building the road from Tennille, has more than once been agitated, but never before with such substantial augories of success. The matter is now in the hands of energetic and live men, who are determined to push it through, and they should receive the hearty encouragement and endorsement of our entire business community. Rather than the thing should fail, Savannah would be amply remunerated in the future, if it subscribed every dollar of the necessary stock. Let us have the road as once.—*Savannah Advertiser.*

### A Card.

*Editor Constitution:* DEAR SIR—My attention was, this morning, called to an article in your paper of yesterday, which falsely represents me. I have not, at any time, used the language therein applied to me. I have expressed some regret relative to the late nominations made by Republicans, both for county and city officers. My great desire is that the Republican party will so manage as to elect good Republicans, high-toned and efficient gentlemen, in county and city, and will give my hearty support to such candidates, and use all honorable efforts for their success at the ensuing elections.

I am, most respectfully,
H. C. BOLCOMBE.

Atlanta, Ga., November 17, 1870.

☞ A private note from Arkansas comes to the Monigomery Mail to say: The Radical boys in this county from 10 upwards. We are prepared to prove it—have the names and will prosecute the miscreants. The vote will be 25 to 30 Radical less on Grant's majority. We think they voted enough to run Brooks's guyard.

### City and Suburban.

NEW LOCAL BURLESQUE.—Templeton puts on the boards, to-night, a new local burlesque entitled "Rip Van Winkle, or Atlanta One Hundred Years Hence. In which is decided who is elected Mayor, what came of leasing the State Road, was the capital removed, the Kimball House too small, etc." Go everybody and enjoy a laugh.

DEGIVE'S TO-NIGHT.—Ward is a fine actor and superior artist. He delineates the Irish character in all his peculiarities—rollicking, full of fun and frolic, honest and generous in impulse, witty even in his blunders. In his imitations of great tragic and comic actors, he is "true to nature."

Alice Vane, the great popular favorite with Atlanta audiences, sustains her *role* with increased power.

To night Ward will recite Shamus O'Brien and appear as "Pat" in the new comedy of "Irish Assurance" and "Rip" in the new local burlesque of Atlanta one hundred years hence. Alice Vane will delineate the genuine Yankee woman.

### The Canvass in Northeast Georgia.

MORGANTON, FANNIN COUTTY, }
November 11, 1870. }

*Editor Constitution*—DEAR SIR: As the Congressional and Forty-First Senatorial campaigns are now actively progressing in this remote section, where the whistle of the engine was never heard, nor the Elephant or Whangdoodle ever been, I have thought possibly you and your readers would like to hear something of the political affairs among us.

Colonel W. P. Price, the Democratic candidate for the Sixth, according to previously published appointment, met, on the 7th inst., at Morganton, a large number of highly respectable citizens of the county and addressed them.

His Christian virtues, fine talent, and gentlemanly bearing, are so well known as to make it superfluous to mention them here, and I merely do so to show how admirably, these qualities were illustrated in his speech at Morganton, in defending himself against the attacks of his Radical opponent, Colonel J. A. Wimpy, who was included in an invitation to other candidate, but was not present.

The evidence which he presented disproving assertions which Colonel W. had previously made, (and which may be seen in his published card) were so overwhelmingly convincing as to place his opponent entirely at his mercy, and a less merciful antagonist, would have made the occasion pitiful in the extreme so far as Colonel Wimpy was concerned. But he approached the subject only as a duty to himself and friends, and dealt with it more in sorrow than anger.

Colonel Price gained votes by his speech, and pushed on the great principles which support the Democratic cause.

Whilst the mountain people are glad to see him doing good for the whole State in his legislative capacity, and will send him to do like good in the Federal halls of Congress, they claim him as peculiarly their own, as one who, knowing their wants and sympathizing therein, will ever be ready to protect and advance their interest, and with confidence on their part, and a continued faithfulness on his, they will delight in honoring him.

After Colonel P. finished, Captain J. A. Jervis, Senatorial nominee for the Forty-first District, made an argumentative and spirited address. Captain Jervis is a resident of Morganton, Fannin county, and though but just commencing a political career, we predict for him a brilliant future. He has long been known to us; a good lawyer, prompt in business, and honorable in his dealings and in every respect a high-toned gentleman, who will do credit to himself and his district in the Georgia Senate, where we will be sure to send him.

Mr. Darnell, Republican, of Pickens county, and of the House of Representatives, afterwards addressed the meeting, disclaiming that he was at present a candidate.

And now, Mr. Editor, with the best crops we have made for years, with the prospect of no railroads passing through our county, and Democracy rapidly progressing, we feel good. Respectfully,

A.

### Letter from Gordon County.

CALHOUN, GORDON COUNTY, GA., }
November 16, 1870. }

*Editor Constitution:* As I see your columns are free to your friends, in all parts of the Southern States, I propose to write you a few lines concerning Gordon county. At present there is great excitement concerning the approaching December election. More names are out for office than ever before. There are three or four running for Clerk of Superior Court; six or eight for TAX COLLECTOR and five or six for TAX RECEIVER. Very few Radicals are as yet in the field. I think this may be called an average county as regards Radicalism. We have a newspaper at this place in full blast, doing all it can for the "good cause." The editor is a gentleman and a Democrat, working for the interest of the county. Long may he, and his paper, wave!

THE CONSTITUTION is generally circulated among us. We like it and expect to support it so long as it adheres to its present motto. You must continue to point out to us who are at a distance, the corruption and crimes of the present administration.

The Era is hardly known to its country people. A neighbor used "the shees" Era last week in loading his shot gun, and he swears that it said "nigger" every shot. I expect it meant Bullock and ruined his gun, as it has Bullock's colleagues in this section.

Oh, dear old CONSTITUTION, how much longer are we to be gored by Bullock's and guarded by Terry(ers)? Help us in this hour of need. Continue to throw hot shells into their ranks.

May your paper adorn the parlor and workshop of every honest inhabitant in the State! May you and the cause you represent prosper forever, is the wish of your unknown friend but fellow democrat. MAX.

### SCHENK'S DISTRICT.

A letter received from Hamilton, Ohio, says that Col. Campbell's friends are not alarmed at the intention of Gen. Schenk to contest his election to Congress. They declare that the election was a fair one on Campbell's side, and that they will show, among other things, that thirty thousand dollars were sent into the district by the protectionists to aid Schenk.

### THE OBJECT OF GRANT'S TRIP TO PHILADELPHIA.

When the President left here Friday evening, it was given out semi-officially that his visit to Philadelphia was of strictly a private nature. It is learned, however, that his visit is not merely private, but has a strong political significance, which will be fully developed soon after his return. The President's friends assert that he is anxious to have Pennsylvania represented in his Cabinet, having so expressed himself on several occasions lately, and that his present visit to Philadelphia is for the purpose of consultation with some of the leading men that a fit and proper selection may be agreed upon from the many elements of the Republican party of that State.

Pennsylvanians, who have been visiting the President lately, have been making the point that, as New York is hopelessly Democratic, and Pennsylvania strongly Republican, the latter State should have the preference in the Cabinet position. The President does not agree in the assertion that New York is hopelessly lost to the Republican party, and will not allow bar to go unrepresented in his councils. He does not admit, however, that Maryland is thoroughly Democratic, that the recent victory of B. Gratz Brown in Missouri makes what used to be termed the border States a unit against the Republican party, consequently nothing is to be gained to his administration by giving to these States the most powerful office in the way of political patronage within his gift. Hence, it is understood that Mr. Creswell will resign from the office of Postmaster General, and that a Pennsylvanian will be appointed in his stead. This statement is from the President's own friends, and should be considered trustworthy.

### FISH TO GO OUT.

It is reported from a trustworthy source that Mr. Fish will withdraw from the Cabinet before the termination of the present Congress. It is said to be his desire to resign after the assembling of Congress, but it is understood to be the President's wish that he remain during the session. Judge Edward Pierrepont is spoken of as the successor to Mr. Fish.

☞ The advantages of advertising are exemplified in the case of a woman of Biddeford, Maine, who wanted a married man to offer change of her property. She got a man with three wives, that am ably will gospel.

## BY TELEGRAPH.

*ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES*

### NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, November 17.—The Herald's special from London says: At the Cabinet council yesterday, it was resolved to act decidedly in regard to Russian complication of the war.

It is imminent that great and popular indignation exists against Russia.

The Cologne Gazette of the 17th says that after an interview with the Russian Minister at Vienna, Baron Von Beust informed Lord Bloomfield that Russia had one hundred thousand troops on the Turkish frontier, and that Austria was perfectly prepared to take the field if England would give her consent.

Messrs. Oelrichs & Co. have received messages announcing the safe arrival of the Hansa, Leipsic and Hanover at Bremen and Haven, after having touched at Grimsby.

### PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, November 17.—The verdict in the Mohrman case was murder in the first degree.

### ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO, November 17.—Farnsworth's majority is 1,981, and Moore's 671.

### ALABAMA.

MOBILE, November 17.—There was a killing, freezing black frost last night, the second frost this season.

Absentees are returning, and the city is rapidly filling up.

### PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, November 17.—A sortie from Belfort yesterday was repulsed by the Prussians.

### SPAIN.

MADRID, November 17.—The Cortes has elected the Duke of Aosta King of Spain by 191 to 120. The city is animated, but no disorders.

Duke Aosta proclaimed King by the President of Cortes.

Carlists gave twelve blank votes.

### ENGLAND.

GREAT GRIMSBY, November 17.—Steamers Hansa and Leipsic, from New York and Baltimore, for Bremen, were captured by the French men-of-war. Particulars are wanting.

LONDON, November 17.—Intense excitement in government circles relative to the threatened complications growing out of Russia's attempt to secure the revision of the treaty of Paris.

The general conviction is that English statesmanship is at fault.

The country is wholly unprepared for war. The Secretary of War is hastening the arming of the nation.

Securities are declining. Breadstuffs advancing.

All papers speak of Russia's demand as insolent.

England will stand firm to treaty stipulations, and will not stand alone.

The defensive preparations throughout England are extensive.

Carlisle is being reprovisioned.

The government is purchasing large quantities of powder.

All the great powers are ready to reconsider the Paris treaty. Granville in replying to Gortschakoff's circular denounces the right of Russia to recognize the European situation as releasing her from solemn treaty stipulations. The Times, in a strong article on the situation, says, if Russia puts a fleet on the Black sea, Turkey should be able to keep it off. If not, England and other powers are obliged to do so.

Reports of the capture of Steamers, Hansa and Lepseic, are incorrect, they are safe at Bremen harbor.

### FRANCE.

TOURS, November 17.—Mezieres is again surrounded by the Germans. A lively artillery battle progressing.

The French have re-occupied Dreux.

The Eastern question is eagerly watched here.

LYONS, November 17.—The Prussians have ten thousand infantry with cavalry and cannon at Dijon.

### THE SIEGE OF PARIS A GIGANTIC MISTAKE.

NEW YORK, November 15.—A London dispatch says Odo Russell, who was commissioned by the English Government to bear to Versailles dispatches expostulating against the temporizing policy of Prussia upon the Eastern question, has written to Earl Granville. He expects a prolonged stay at Versailles, and there is a growing belief that the siege of Paris is a gigantic mistake.

### MOLTKE GIVES PARIS A MONTH.

The World's correspondent at Versailles writing on the 11th, says: Moltke said yesterday Paris will be able to hold out at most four weeks longer. I deplore the folly of the French in refusing to yield and the necessity for devastating the country. The opinion of the army concerning the entry of Paris coincides with that of Moltke. The men, however, are terribly anxious to go home. They don't care much seeing Paris now. The head of the army investing Paris is protected by the arrival of fresh troops.

### HOW NAPOLEON MAY BE RESTORED.

The belief prevails among officers that as soon as Paris is occupied the majority of the troops will be quartered in the city, and remain there all winter, superintending the Constituent Assembly and keeping a wide circle of country under subjugation, while the army immediately under Bazaine is to be brought back to France, to be used in strengthening the hands of a new, strong government, with which peace will be made. At the head of this government will be Napoleon. This is the reason why Bazaine has been sent to Wilhelmshohe, and of the communications between Napoleon, the King Bismarck, and the imperialists of England and Belgium.

### TROCHU'S AVAILABLE ARMY.

LONDON, November 15.—A dispatch from Paris of the 9th says: Trochu has now equipped 1,000 field guns of new and approved patterns. The organization of three armies, into which the garrison is divided, is as follows: The first army, commanded by General Clement Thomas, consists of 266 battalions of the National Guard, one legion of artillery, and ten squadrons of cavalry. The duty of the first force is to garrison the encients, and it numbers 300,000 men. Its cavalry is commanded by General Ducrot, and divided into three corps: the first commanded by General Vinoy, the second by General Renault, and the third by General De Exea.

The second army consists of eight divisions of infantry and one division of cavalry, and numbers 120,000 Mobiles and marines. Its duty is to defend the forts and undertake operations near them.

Trochu's general staff is composed of General Schmitz, General Quione, Chief of Artillery, Generals Chambord and La Tour, Chief of Engineers, General Wolf, Chief Commissary.

### WHAT TROCHU WILL DO.

Trochu has informed the troops, in a recent speech, that the whole force of the Germans around Paris was only 200,000 men, spread over a circle of investment sixty miles in circumference, and when the proper time arrived, he will easily break this attenuated circle. An official report shows that provisions are sufficient to give every man, bacon, bread and dried vegetables, in all two pounds of solid food per day, to each inhabitant until the 29th of January.

### THE POSITION OF THE GERMAN ARMIES AROUND PARIS.

The World's correspondent writes from Versailles, dated the 10th: I have made a tour around the whole German circle of the investment, beginning at Argenteuille, a point on the Seine, eight kilometers north-east of St. Germain Enlaye. The army of the Crown Prince holds double the line of the entrenched positions extending from the west to the southeast side of the city to Chelles, a point on the Marne, near the junction of Strasburg railway with the river. This line is forty-five miles long, taking in St. Germain Enlaye, Versailles, Sevaux, Charlevet and Mount Le Grand.

The army of the Crown Prince of Saxony holds the line extending from Chilles around the north and northeast of the city, twenty miles long, touching Mont Vermeil, Sevaux, Gonesse and Gevrar. The troops are quartered in all the houses of the villages, and camps in wooden barracks, and fare well. I could that it is difficult to determine their strength. They are apparently as armed and so be able to concentrate 60,000 or 70,000 men on any pointed attacked within two hours. To concentrate a larger force will require six or seven hours. The health of the troops is generally excellent; sick-lists are daily growing more shending.—*New York World.*

### TELEGRAPHIC MARKET REPORTS.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Immediately after the Senate had adjourned to-day, Senator Sumner introduced a bill to relieve the political disabilities of Jeff Davis, Alexander H. Stephens and all other persons in the late rebellion, intended to restore the question of the reconstruction for the purpose of disfranchising the greater part of the class who were enfranchised by the Sumter constitution. The question of reconstructing the State is now pending before the Reconstruction Committee of the House.

It is also learned that some of the defeated Republican candidates for Congress intend to contest the seats of the elected Democrats. This is especially the case with Congressman Prosser, who was defeated in the Nashville district.

Roderick R. Butler, re-elected in the first district, sends word that he will be in Washington two weeks from to-day to answer the charge of forgery, etc., preferred against him by the Pension Office. He proclaims his innocence, and points to his re-election to Congress to prove it.

### Atlanta Price-Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, }
ATLANTA, NOV. 17, 3 o'clock, P. M. }

Business dull and inactive.

COTTON.—Market flat at 14 for middlings; 13 for low middlings, and 13 for good ordinary.

MONETARY.—Gold buying at 1 10; selling at 1 12. Silver buying 1 05; selling 1 08. Exchange on New York buying at ½ discount; selling at par.

GROCERIES.—Corn Meal, 1 20a1 25. Rice, 9a10c. Sugars. Soap, 7a9c. Candles, adamantine, 15c. Tallow 12a15c. Sugars, A. 15½c; Extra C, 15; Yellow C, 14½; Brown 12½a14. Rio Coffee 20a24; Java 35a38. Beeswax, 38. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 25. N. O. Syrup, 75a1 00. Molasses, barrels, 35c. Pepper 37½. Race Ginger, 25c. Starch 9c. Extra State cheese, 15c; Factory, 18½. Goshen butter 45a50c; Tennessee, 35a50.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.—Eggs, 30a35; chickens, 25; sweet potatoes, 75a1 00 per bushel; Irish potatoes 3 50a4 00 per bbl.

FACTORY GOODS.—Brown shirtings, 7-8, 10½; B. shirtings, 3-4, 8½; 4-4, 12a13; bleached shirting, 3-4, 7a9½; bleached shirting, 7-8, 11a14½; brown drills, 14; bleached drills, 15½; stripes, 14a17½; checks, 18½a19; Montour osnaburgs, 16; Troup, 18; yarns, 1 50.

DRY GOODS.—Allens 11½; Sprague 11½; Pacific 11½; Lancaster 11; Wamsutta 8; Amoskeag 10; Ticking—Pittsfield 10; Croton 12; Albany 13; Easton B. 15; Amoskeag D. 22; Hamilton 28; Conestoga 4-4 30; Amoskeag A. C. A. 35. Low grades of prints can be had at from 6 to 6½.

TOBACCO MARKET.—Common sound 37½a60; medium sound 65a75; fine sound 80a90; extra fine 1 00a1 35.

LIQUOR MARKET.—Whisky—rectified 1 00a1 25 as to proof; Bourbon 1 25a5 00; Robbon County 2 00a3 00; Cognac Brandy 1 00a3 00; St. Croix Rum 4 00a6 00; Jamaica Rum 4 00a5 00; Holland Gin 1 50a6 00; Scotch 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter 3 00; French Brandy 4 50a12 00.

HARDWARE.—Swedes iron, 8a9; horse shoe, 7a8; round and square, 5a10; City Mills bar, 5a6; Pittsburg bar, 5a6; nail rod, 10a12; band, 7a8. Nails, 4s to 60s, 5 50; 3s, common, 6 50; 2s, fine, 8 50. Plow steel, 11; cast, 27a28; German, 18a20.

DRUGS AND DYES.—Bicarb soda, 7a7½ per lb. Blue stone, 12½. Copperas, 4a4½. Epsom salts, 6½a8. Madder, 22a25. Opium 16 00a18 00 per pound. Alum, 8a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone, 8a10. Camphor, 1 80a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a20 per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 5 00a6 50; pints, 3 00a3 50; per gallon, 3 75a4 00. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a6 00; per gallon, 1 45a1 50.

BAGGING AND TIES.—Bagging, 2½lb, 35a36c; 1½lb, 33a35; green leaf rope, 10; flax rope, 8½. Iron ties, 6¼a7½.

POWDER AND SHOT.—Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, $7 25; ½ kegs $4 00; ¼ kegs $2 25. Blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag, $ 75; buck, 3 00.

OILS AND PAINTS.—Linseed oil, raw, per gal., 1 30a1 35; do, boiled, 1 35a1 40; sperm, 2 50a3 00; whale, 1 30a2 00; Lard, 1 40a2 00; Pure White, 1 65a2 00; Tanners, 1 00a1 25; Kerosene, 60a65c; Potts, 35; Copal Varnish, 2 75a3 00; Japan, 2 00a2 25; Lough, 4 50a5 00. White lead, per lb., 9a14; do., pure, 16.

GRAIN.—Old corn 1 15a1 20; new in ear 85. Wheat—red 1 15a1 20; prime white 1 40a1 45. Oats 55a60. Rye 1 25, in little demand. Barley—fall, 1 50.

LEATHER AND HIDES.—White oak sole 40a50; Hemlock, good, 30a33; damaged 25a29; French calf skins 30 00a60 00 per dozen; American calf skins 25 00a45 00; Harness leather 40a50c; upper leather 60a80c; lining skins (sheep) 4 50a9 00 per dozen. Green hides 6c; dry salted 14a16c; dry flint 16a17c.

LIME AND CEMENT.—Cherokee lime 50c per bushel; Chewackla 60c. Hydraulic cement 4 00 per barrel; James River 4 50a5 00 per barrel. Plaster of Paris 6 00 per barrel.

HAY.—Timothy 33 00a35 00; Clover 30 00a35 00 per ton.

### Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, November 17.—Flour 10c better. Wheat held at 2a4c higher, and market very unsettled. Corn dull and nominal. Pork dull at 24 25a24 50. Lard steady. Cotton lower; uplands 14½; Orleans 14½; sales 15,000. Turpentine 44a46. Rosin dull; strained 1 42½. Freights firm. Stocks heavy. Gold 12½. Money 4a6. Sterling long 9½; short 10. Bonds 7½.

LONDON, November 17, noon.—Consols 91½. Bonds 87½. Later—Consols 92. American securities flat. Bonds 87.

LIVERPOOL, November 17, noon.—Cotton opened heavy; uplands 9½; Orleans 9¾; sales 7,000 bales. Red winter wheat 10s 4d. New corn 30s 3d. to 30s. 6d. Later—Cotton flat and irregular; uplands 9½; Orleans 9¾. Breadstuffs active.

FRANKFORT, November 17.—Bonds closed yesterday at 92½.

### RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

**Georgia Railroad.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Atlanta | 7.00 o'clock | A. M |
| Leave Atlanta | 5.40 " | P. M |
| Arrive at Atlanta | 5.00 " | P. M |
| Arrive at Atlanta | 6.30 " | P. M |

**Macon and Western Railroad.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Atlanta | 8.30 o'clock | A. M |
| Leave Atlanta | 2.15 " | P. M |
| Arrive at Atlanta | 4.00 " | A. M |
| Arrive at Atlanta | 2.00 " | P. M |

**Atlanta and West Point Railroad.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Atlanta | 8.15 o'clock | A. M |
| Arrive at Atlanta | 6.00 " | P. M |

**Western and Atlantic Railroad.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Atlanta | 8.15 o'clock | A. M |
| Leave Atlanta | 6.45 " | P. M |
| Arrive at Atlanta | 5.30 " | A. M |
| Arrive at Atlanta | 3.17 " | P. M |

**Cartersville Accommodation.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Leaves Atlanta | 6.30 o'clock | P. M |
| Leaves Cartersville | 8.00 " | A. M |
| Arrives at Atlanta | 9.15 " | A. M |

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FACTORY GOODS.—Brown shirtings, 7-8, 10½; B. shirtings, 3-4, 8½; 4-4, 12a13; bleached shirting, 3-4, 7a9½; bleached shirting, 7-8, 11a14½; brown drills, 14; bleached drills, 15½; stripes, 14a17½; checks, 18½a19; Montour osnaburgs, 16; Troup, 18; yarns, 1 50.
We have had an experience of thirty years in making work for the Southern States, and know exactly what is wanted to stand the roads. We invite all to send for Circulars, and parties visiting New York will especially invite to call at our Warerooms.
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BRANCH OF OUR ESTABLISHMENT
IN ATLANTA, GEORGIA,
Corner Hunter and Pryor streets,
Where we expect to keep a large stock, and
Sell at Very Low Prices.
aug24 dtm

ATLANTA STEAM BREWERY.
ALE, PORTER AND BEER
Temporary Office, Granite Block, Broad Street,
Atlanta, Georgia.
sep28 dtm SPENCER & CO.

To Contractors.
ATLANTA, November 4, 1870.
IN accordance with a resolution of the City Council, sealed proposals will be received until 4 o'clock p. m., Friday, the 25th instant, for the erection of works complete, to supply the city of Atlanta with water. The machinery, in duplicate, must be capable of raising three million gallons two hundred and seventy-five (275) feet, or five million gallons three hundred and eighty-seven (387) feet, in twenty-four hours. Thirteen (13) or seventeen (17) miles of pipe, more or less, from four (4) to twenty-four (24) inches in diameter will be required, together with one hundred and thirty (130) gates or more if necessary.
Bids for the entire work, (exclusive of engine house and dam,) or for engines and pumps set up and in running order, or pipes laid in the ground, per ton, with hydrants, valves, etc., complete, will be received.
A separate estimate and guarantee of the plan, and performance of the works, in every instance, must accompany the bid, with good security.
All information required will be given on application to the Chairman of the Committee or the City Engineer.
The City Council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.
A. MURPHY,
J. G. KELLY,
A. L. POWELLER,
Committee.
nov5-18t

ONE DOSE OF PILLS
DR. SHALLENBERGER'S
Fever and Ague
ANTIDOTE
Always Stops the Chills.
This Medicine has been before the Public fifteen years, and is still ahead of all other known remedies. It does not purge, does not sicken the stomach, is perfectly safe in any dose and under all circumstances, and is the only Medicine that will
CURE IMMEDIATELY
and permanently every form of Fever and Ague, because it is a perfect Antidote to Malaria.
Sold by all Druggists.
sep18-d&wly

BICKFORD & HUFFMAN'S
Grain Drill and Guano Distributor,
WITH GRASS SEED ATTACHMENT.

CATALOGUE and price list mailed free to applicants. Please address
SAMUEL & SCHOLA,
Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store.
Broad street, (by the bridge) Atlanta.
aug26-dtf

Watt & Knight,
Manufacturers of
Agricultural Implements
And the
WATT PLOUGH,
Which is unequaled in every essential, for
STRENGTH, DURABILITY, FREEDOM FROM CHOKING, EASE TO MAN AND TEAM, THOROUGH PULVERIZATION OF THE SOIL,
AND COVERING UP OF WEEDS, GRASSES, ETC.
☞ Refer to our circulars for further particulars.
Agents for the Climax Reaper and Mower, Reindeer Reaper and Mower, the New Grain Drill, and the best Hay Rake and Gleaner, which we have selected as the best.
We sell in addition to the Implements of our own make, all
PLOUGHS AND PLOUGH CASTINGS,
And all kinds of
FARM MACHINERY
Used in this country, whether made in this city or elsewhere, and at the lowest prices of this or other markets. Will also keep on hand all kinds of
SEEDS
For fall or spring purposes.
The best of Ploughs are necessary, for them, and nothing Ploughs from the West, North, and South-west, and from the West generally, are the best. Such are our Ploughs, in addition to the Watt Plough, which we have selected as the best of all that we could find. Our Ploughs are all made of the best of iron and steel, and are warranted to be of the best workmanship and material. The Watt Plough is being performed in work precisely in this way: Every one is tested before it leaves the shop, and is warranted to be of the best workmanship and material. The Watt Plough is being performed in work precisely in this way: Every one is tested before it leaves the shop, and is warranted to be of the best workmanship and material. The Watt Plough is being performed in work precisely in this way: Every one is tested before it leaves the shop, and is warranted to be of the best workmanship and material.
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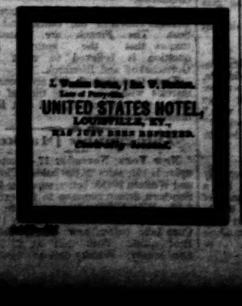
L. Wallace Bolton, } Jno. W. Bolton,
Late of Pewee. } Late of Atlanta.
UNITED STATES HOTEL,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
HAS JUST BEEN REFITTED.
Centrally Located.
WATT & KNIGHT,

FOR RENT!
A DWELLING HOUSE, with seven rooms, and all conveniences, on Forsyth street, between Mitchell and Hunter streets. Apply to
J. W. BURKE,
Agent for Estate of Henry Jackson.
Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 1, 1870.
nov1-dtf

HORSE AND CATTLE REMEDIES.
The Best and most Reliable ever offered to the Public.
The American Magnetic

Equine Liniment
Equine Ointment
EQUINE CONDITION POWDERS
CERTIFICATE.
☞ I hereby certify, that I have examined, and thoroughly tested, in my practice, the Equine Liniment, and regard them as properties of great merit and would cordially recommend them as being prepared with the utmost care, and from the purest ingredients, and more efficacious for the treatment of the various diseases for which they are designed, than any preparation of which I have knowledge.
GEORGE H. DADD,
Veterinary Surgeon, Author of "Anatomy and Physiology of the Horse" "Modern Horse Doctor," &c.
Purchasers will please ask for a copy of "Horse and Cattle Owner's Guide" Book.
LORD & SMITH, Proprietors,
Boston, Mass.
REDWINE & FOX,
WHOLESALE AGENTS,
And for sale by all Druggists.
sep18-dawly


L. Wallace Bolton, } Jno. W. Bolton,
Late of Pewee. } Late of Atlanta.
UNITED STATES HOTEL,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
HAS JUST BEEN REFITTED.
Centrally Located.
WATT & KNIGHT,

PRICES REDUCED.

FAIRBANKS
Standard Scales,
More than 200 Different Modifications.
Agents also for the best Alarm Money Drawer.
FAIRBANKS & CO.,
238 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
166 Baltimore St., Baltimore,
53 Camp St., New Orleans.
FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO.,
118 Mill Street, B. ston.
For Sale by leading Hardware Dealers.
oct18 d1f

HARDWARE
AT
Wholesale and Retail

TOMMEY
SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS OFFERED
&
OUR STOCK IS LARGE
STEWART.
and varied. It consists of everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store.
TOMMEY & STEWART,
Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga
feb8-d1y

GEORGE PAGE & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR
SAW MILLS,
Also Stationary and Portable
Steam Engines, &c.
No. 5 Schroeder Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.

☞ Send for Catalogues and Price-Lists.
nov29-d1y

A NEW DISCOVERY!!
PHALON'S
"VITALIA;"
OR,
Salvation for the Hair.
CLEAR AS WATER!
WITHOUT SEDIMENT!!
OPEN TO THE LIGHT!!!
*For Restoring to Gray Hair its Original Color.*
PHALON'S "VITALIA" differs utterly from all the hair coloring preparations heretofore used. It is liquid, sweet smelling, precipitates no muddy or slimy matter, requires no shaking, imparts no stain to the skin. Hold it to the light and it is clear and colorless. It leaves no mark on the scalp; yet it reproduces in gray hair the natural color that time or sickness may have bleached out of it.
☞ Phalon's Vitalia is for one sole purpose, that of reproducing, with absolute certainty, the natural color of the hair. It is not intended as a daily dressing, nor for removing scurf or dandruff; nor for curing baldness; nor for stimulating the growth of the hair.—These objects may be accomplished after the color has been fixed with the Vitalia, by Phalon's Chemical Hair Invigorator.
THE VITALIA is a harmless and unequaled preparation for the reproduction of the original hue of gray hair, and nothing else. This is accomplished in from two to ten applications according to the depth of shade required. Sold by all druggists.
TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS
—

# The Daily Constitution.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.
THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.
DEFIES REFUTATION.
BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.

J. W. AVERY, Editor.

## Morning Edition.

Atlanta, Georgia, November 18, 1870.


## FOR CONGRESS,

(SEVENTH DISTRICT,)

## Gen. P. M. B. Young,

OF BARTOW.

FOR SENATE—37TH DISTRICT:
MAJOR GEORGE HILLYER.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES:
DR. J. B. WILSON,
COL. E. F. HOGE,
BENRY JACKSON.

FOR SHERIFF:
J. O. HARRIS.

FOR CLERK SUPERIOR COURT:
W. H. VENABLE.

FOR TAX RECEIVER:
A. G. GRIER.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR:
SAMUEL R. HOYLE.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER:
C. M. PAYNE.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR:
W. A. HARDIN.

FOR CORONER:
WILLIAM KILE.

### CITY NOMINATIONS.

FOR MAYOR:
Dr. JAMES F. ALEXANDER.

FOR ALDERMEN:
First Ward—C. W. WELLS,
C. P. CABBIN.
Second Ward—N. A. McLENDON,
ROBERT J. LOWRY.
Third Ward—Dr. THOMPSON,
R. H. BUTLER.
Fourth Ward—JOHN H. MEGAHLIN,
J. A. WRIGHT.
Fifth Ward—F. P. RICE,
A. L. FOWLER.

☞ General M. C. Butler, of South Carolina, is suffering from the effects of a fall from his buggy.

☞ The people of Ireland are making great demonstrations in favor of the Pope. They lament the destruction of his temporal power.

☞ The Administration at Washington is exhibiting great activity in preparing war ships for sea service. Twelve vessels are to be put in order at once.

☞ We are glad to hear that the city Democracy will be a unit in support of the Alexander ticket. This alone is necessary to success.

☞ The New York Evening Post says the late elections will, perhaps, warn politicians hereafter, that if they want to succeed, they will do well to ask no help or interference from the Administration.

☞ Every man is a consumer to the whole extent of his production.—[Forney.] Oh, no! If Forney had to swallow all the "hog-wash" he writes, he wouldn't live ten minutes.—*Boston Post.*

### At it Again.

The Radicals of Tennessee are reported to be busy again to rescue from Congress the disfranchisement of those who were enfranchised by the Senter constitution.

Of course, anything for Radical success.

☞ Guizot, the celebrated author of the familiar "History of Civilization," has written a letter on the war. He is down on Napoleon. He thinks the settlement of the war is in the hands of the neutrals. Let them refuse to endorse any extravagant demands and the matter will be fixed up.

☞ Smith, the negro cadet at West Point who was court-martialed for punching white cadet Wilson's noggin with a cocoa-nut water dipper, has been acquitted, released from arrest, and the court-martial dissolved.

Who will now say that Cuffee has no rights? Not Cadet Wilson, by any means.

### "Goot."

The last Legislature of Alabama had a Radical majority of sixty-nine.

The Democrats, by the election on the 8th inst., get a majority of thirty members. This change in two years is somewhat startling.

It is particularly remarkable when it is known that the registration shows a majority of 16,184 colored voters.

☞ The Nashville press are agitating the subject of a grand union passenger depot in that city.

We add our entreaties. The want of it is a nuisance to travelers. The Louisville and Nashville Railroad has run a track from its depot to the Chattanooga and Nashville depot, and their trains make connection, but the scandalous charge of fifty cents for riding the extra mile on the cars is enforced.

### Thus Wags the World.

San Francisco has been all agog with the excitement over the great Mercantile Library Lottery. The drawing resulted in a poor fellow, worth nothing, winning a glorious fortune, and another fellow, worth something, spending his all for nothing, and committing suicide.

Thus wags the world.

The day of the drawing the excitement was delirious, occasioning an almost entire suspension of business.

The California papers are giving the thing fits.

☞ THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION says that "the Democrat who works with the Bullock faction in its wrongs, is no better than the men he co-operates with."

Yes, but how about friendship, neighbor? Must a man turn his cold shoulder to a friend, merely because he is a Radical, and goes in for "greasing the boys?" And how, too, about gratitude? Must a man see another build a railroad, and not vote for him for Congress? Your judgment is mighty good, friend Avery, but then your phellinks are hard as granite boulders. Some men up here are not that hard-hearted—they vote for Radicals just because they love them.'—*Rome Courier.*

### Curious Insanity.

The vagaries of madness are many and capricious, and always curious. The strangest freak of insanity we have heard of lately, was the case of the self-confessed murderer of Nathan. This murder, it will be remembered, occurred in New York some months ago, under unusual circumstances of horror and mystery. The police have been thoroughly baffled in getting any clue.

A young man, giving his name as Dallas ——, gives himself up in Boston, confessing to be the murderer. It turns out that his real name is George Heffran of Pottsville, Pennsylvania—that he is a lunatic, and that this is only a dodge to get notoriety.

### Nuts.

The trade in nuts is a business of very extensive proportions, and many millions of capital are annually invested in the movement and distribution of the nut crop. They are valuable in many ways, and are used largely in the manufacture of oil, as well as for food. A very large proportion of the oil used for the lubrication of fine mechanism is made from the common walnut of this country and is used principally for watches, sewing machines, and for delicate lathes, many thousand bushels of these nuts are used for this purpose annually. It is peculiarly adapted to this purpose on account of its freedom from resinous matter, which keeps it from becoming gummy as is the case with all fish oils.

### Love.

Nothing sophomoric or sentimental, reader, is intended.

But the Troy (N. Y.) Times tells a case of love curious enough to be mentioned editorially. A young lady took a shine to a fellow and they got engaged. He moved to another place, and she pledged eternal fidelity. He wrote to her. She replied but the letter went to another he of the same name, who was so much tickled with the letter that he took up the correspondence and kept it up on his own hook, telling his duleines that he had changed his residence. The young lady thought it was the engaged one all the time.

At length lover No. 2 thought he would push up matters, and went to see the young lady. He revealed his treachery so winningly that the charmer married him, leaving the other chap in the cold. So much for eternal fidelity.

Who was to blame?

### Alex. H. Stephens and John W Forney.

Probably no two men in the universe are more antipodal than Mr. Stephens and Col. Forney in every quality of mind and soul. Mr. Stephens is pre-eminently the man of brains and conscience, and Mr. Forney the opposite. One is as pure and able as men ever get to be, and the other as tainted. Mr. Forney is not without a certain amount of sharpness, that has an irresistible leaning, however, to intrigue and sophistry.

In September, Forney published editorially a review of Mr. Stephens' great book on the late war, of which, by the way, we have nearly prepared, and will soon give a review. In this review of Mr. Forney's he did injustice to Mr. Stephens, and the latter penned a communication correcting Mr. Forney's errors.

Mr. Stephens principally, however, denies the authenticity of the celebrated speech, said to have been delivered by him in the Georgia Secession Convention in 1861, and declares it a forgery—a gross fabrication from beginning to end.

Mr. Forney refuses to publish Mr. Stephens' letter, and says in the excess of that holy patriotism that Bullock bought out by the column at forty cents a line, that the angelic purity of the Chronicle's space shall never be used by Mr. Stephens, or any other of the rebel chiefs, to ventilate their contemned and unmitigated treason.

We are sorry for the immaculate Forney in his flaming resentment. His pure soul hath had much to stir up the mud in it. Mr. Stephens should have known that a dose of genuine truth to such a mind as Forney's is as deadly as the heaven's pure sunlight to diseased eyes. Forney couldn't stand it.

But we second the suggestion of the Augusta Constitutionalist, for Mr. Stephens to give us the rejected letter.

### The Municipal Matter.

The refusal of Mr. Kimball to run for Mayor on the Radical ticket, leaves that ticket in a weak condition. We dont believe that any man's name could add strength to it, while it would damn any man that would be foolish enough to head it.

Our people are too wise to vote into power a ticket stocked in the interest of a faction that has injured the State, and seeks power, for personal interest.

We did not believe that Mr. Kimball would do so injurious a thing for himself, as to accept this nomination, nor did his friends believe it.

The Radicals will now have to hunt up another nominee. But with unanimity among the Democrats, and we implore them to rally with enthusiastic unanimity to the Democratic ticket, our victory is assured.

We have one word to say about this paper. Some Radical enemies have circulated it about the street, in that spirit of mendacity that characterizes the party, that THE CONSTITUTION was mortgaged to Mr. Kimball, and would be influenced by him in the canvass against the Democracy. The purpose was evidently to bolster up a weak and indefensible cause.

We have to say that the whole thing is a falsehood. Mr. Kimball, nor any one else holds a mortgage over THE CONSTITUTION. This paper never owed, and does not now owe that gentleman a dollar; it is independent, and under the control or influence of no clique; it is an independent advocate of Democratic principles; it is against Radicalism with all of its vim.

We have treated Mr. Kimball with the courtesy due to a public-spirited citizen who has benefitted the city much, with full compensation to himself, we opine. We are glad that he has declined this nomination because it would have impaired his future usefulness, and identified him with a shameless movement to throw the city into the control of a ring that hurts everything it touches.

Now let us see who is going to take the vacant nomination, and help to carry out the crusade against Atlanta's welfare.

### Governor Bullock's Executive Office Clerks

The honest part of Governor Bullock's investigating committee use in their report the following impolite language about his Excellency, in the matter of Executive office clerks:

"*It is clear to us that more clerks have been employed than were authorized by law, and that warrants for their payment were drawn upon the wrong fund.*"

The Governor has not only had too many hungry hangers-on, and political fungi in his office feeding out of the public crib, but the method of giving them their pap has not been legal. A pretty hard charge this, but then the Governor knew it, and what is more, has kept it up since the above official rebuke was administered. His hide is certainly tough. Rebukes don't phase him.

Let us look into it. The law limits the Governor to two Secretaries and one extra clerk, if necessary. The Governor has, most of the time, run *five* more clerks than the law allowed him, and he runs four or five illegal ones now.

As the Governor keeps up a chronic howl against Governor Jenkins for extravagance, we will strike a balance between the two.

Governor Jenkins, in the little over two years of his administration, paid out, all told, $9,462 50 for the clerks of the Executive department.

Governor Bullock's little disbursements for his Executive secretaries and clerks during his term up to the present writing, sum up over THIRTY-SEVEN THOUSAND DOLLARS, or *more than twenty-eight thousand dollars* over the extravagant Jenkins.

And when it is remembered that the duties of the Executive office have decreased, that 5,000 militia officers, and 606 Justices of the Peace, that used to have to be commissioned, need no commissions now, and that election returns are opened and counted in the office of Secretary of State, instead of the Executive office, it will be seen that Gov. Bullock, the economical, has spent for less work just *four times as much* as the extravagant Jenkins, are we not justified in imploring the Governor's organ to give an unusual howl, and in telling the people that, if they have any gumption, they will vote down the Bullock faction in December, far quicker than "Jack Robinson" can be said.

### The Population of the United States.

The four great States of the Union rank as follows in population in 1870:

| | |
|---|---|
| New York | 4,400,000 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,100,000 |
| Ohio | 2,652,000 |
| Illinois | 2,540,000 |

In 1790, at the organization of the Government, the census was as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Virginia | 748,300 |
| Pennsylvania | 434,374 |
| Massachusetts | 378,717 |
| New York | 340,120 |

In 1775 they stood thus:

| | |
|---|---|
| Massachusetts | 350,000 |
| Pennsylvania | 240,000 |
| Virginia | 400,000 |
| New York | 250,000 |

When we consider that the number of newspapers is now numbered by thousands, it will be of interest to see the figures for 1775, nearly a century ago:

| | |
|---|---|
| Massachusetts had newspapers | 7 |
| Pennsylvania " " | 5 |
| Virginia " " | 5 |
| New York " " | 4 |

☞ Humors of the English mission—Schenck's carbuncles.

### The Census of the United States.

The Census Bureau at Washington, has returns so nearly full and official from twenty-nine States that they may be added as follows, with almost entire accuracy:

| STATES. | 1870. | 1860. |
|---|---|---|
| Alabama | 1,000,000 | 964,201 |
| Arkansas | 480,000 | 435,450 |
| California | 556,900 | 379,994 |
| Delaware | 125,000 | 112,216 |
| Florida | 180,000 | 140,425 |
| Georgia | 1,180,000 | 1,057,286 |
| Illinois | 2,540,317 | 1,711,951 |
| Indiana | 1,660,109 | 1,350,428 |
| Iowa | 1,177,000 | 674,913 |
| Kansas | 362,182 | 107,206 |
| Kentucky | 1,200,000 | 1,155,684 |
| Louisiana | 730,000 | 708,002 |
| Maryland | 740,000 | 687,049 |
| Michigan | 1,184,156 | 749,113 |
| Minnesota | 460,057 | 172,023 |
| Mississippi | 804,190 | 791,305 |
| Missouri | 1,720,000 | 1,182,012 |
| Nebraska | 105,000 | 28,841 |
| Nevada | 41,000 | 6,857 |
| North Carolina | 1,072,000 | 992,622 |
| Ohio | 2,675,000 | 2,339,511 |
| Oregon | 110,000 | 52,465 |
| South Carolina | 725,000 | 703,708 |
| Tennessee | 1,208,000 | 1,109,801 |
| Texas | 900,000 | 601,039 |
| Virginia | 1,200,607 | 1,596,318 |
| West Virginia | 447,045 | |
| Wisconsin | 1,052,306 | 775,881 |

The great States will probably rank as follows in the order of their population:

| | |
|---|---|
| New York | 4,400,000 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,100,000 |
| Ohio | 2,652,000 |
| Illinois | 2,540,000 |
| Missouri | 1,720,000 |
| Indiana | 1,660,109 |
| Massachusetts | 1,548,000 |
| Kentucky | 1,200,000 |
| Tennessee | 1,208,000 |
| Virginia | 1,200,607 |

The Cincinnati Enquirer says: "The most astonishing changes in the above are in the States of Illinois and Missouri, which have increased nearly three quarters of a million each year since 1860. When we consider the ravages of the war, it is wonderful that Missouri, where they were especially great, should have had such a growth and be now the fifth State of the Union. Virginia, counting West Virginia, has 1,656,000 inhabitants, or less than Indiana, which was formerly one of her counties. In the beginning of the Government, Virginia ranked first in population; but now, at the best, she is but seventh, and with West Virginia left off she is but the eleventh. The West and the South will have great comparative gains with the East in Congressional representation—the former from its increase of population, and the latter from the fact that for the first time all the negroes are counted in the representation. In every previous census five slaves were ranked only as three persons. This greatly diminished the political power of the South, although it was foolishly taught by demagogues at the North that it increased it."

☞ The people had to pay nearly half a million of dollars for the bayonets sent to New York for the purpose of carrying the city for the Radicals.

### Georgia News.

Barnesville needs a new guard house. Thos. J. Speer is there.

Macon paid $9,750 for the site for Mercer University.

Cartersville is afflicted with the connubial fever.

Barnesville is lifted up because seven babies were born there last Sunday night.

Many persons are emigrating from North Georgia to the West.

Foster Blodgett is in Savannah, drumming up recruits for the "soup-tails" in Atlanta.

The murderers of Colonel Ames have been confined in Cuthbert jail.

The grand jury of Randolph county, found true bills against a number of persons for wearing concealed weapons contrary to law.

Captain J. E. Smith and Cornelius Jordan, prominent citizens of Washington county, died last week.

The "Soap-tails" in Decatur county have nominated H. F. Powell and Adam Briton (negro) for the House.

Hon. A. H. Chappell has been readmitted to practice in the United States District Court at Savannah.

Both public and private schools in Macon are usually well attended by the youth of the city the present fall term.

Census returns makes the following exhibit of population in the following counties: Schley, 5,134; Tattnall, 4,885; White, 4,737.

Five negroes were drowned in Flint River, at Albany, a few days since, by jumping out of the flat boat into the river.

The XVth amendments in Randolph county, have nominated Jackson for the Senate, and Noble and Solomons for the House.

The type and printing material of the Houston Home Journal, was destroyed by the burning of the depot at Fort Valley.

Sixteen men, and a boy, 13 years old, were nearly smothered to death, while crowding into a store at Barnesville, to see the "Fat Boy" of the CONSTITUTION.

Rev. Dr. Boring received $700 at Arnold church, in Upson county, on Sunday last, and $350 more at night in Barnesville, for the advancement of the Orphans' Home.

The daily receipts from freights over the Cartersville and Van Wert Railroad, with only ten miles of track completed, reaches from $50 to $75.

Mrs. Ellen Snell was brutally assaulted on the thunderbolt road, five miles from Savannah, and struck over the eye, fracturing her skull.

The first municipal election in Montezuma, recently incorporated, will occur next Tuesday. Dr. A. D. Smith has been nominated for Mayor, Martin Kunn, W. W. McLendon, D. Kelsoe and S. S. Norris for Aldermen.

The Rome Commercial, in reply to the question of a young lady, "Do ladies love to go to the skating rink without beaux?" says that they always carry two apiece—their elbows. The editor was interred the next day to slow music.

The commissioners appointed by the Georgia Baptist Convention to remove Mercer University will hold a meeting in Macon on the 27th of December, at which time all the preparations for removal will be consummated and perfected.

A "Soap-tail" in American who is striving to be the nominee of the negroes, for the State Legislature, was observed "nussing" a negro baby on the Square, the other day in order to raise himself in the estimation of the colored voters.

Among the members of the bar at Savannah, attending the courts there, are Hon. M. J. Crawford, Hon. A. H. Chappel, L. F. Dorney, John Peabody, Esq., of Columbus; John D. Pope, United States Attorney, and Colonel William Dougherty, of Atlanta; Hon. James Jackson and Clifford Anderson, Esq., of Macon, and W. Hope Hull, Esq., of Augusta.

The editor of the Peoples' Defender predicts that in less than twelve months from this date the diamond fields of Africa will be eclipsed in their glory by discoveries in this State. Georgia has a record in this respect which will naturally attract to her limits those who are interested in the pursuit of those valuable gems. It is a fact well known, that quite a number of diamonds have, at various periods, been discovered in different portions of this State, and that the geological formation, which is considered its true matrix, exists extensively within her limits.

The Southern Bank of the State of Georgia, is about commencing operations in Savannah. It was chartered, with liberal terms by the Legislature at its last session. Messrs. John Screven, Edward C. Anderson, John McMahon, Thos. Arkwright, Thomas Mills, A. P. Wetter and John Flannery, of Savannah, and Eugene Kelley, New York, being the corporators named in the act. The capital stock is fixed at $5,000,000, and the corporators are authorized to commence business so soon as $500,000 shall have been subscribed and $350,000 of that amount actually paid in.

The gentlemen named will constitute the Board of Directors for one year, and they are authorized to add to their number, previous to 1st January, 1871. More than the amount required for opening has already been pledged by responsible parties, and the bank will probably go into operation within ten days from this date. The banking house of the old Bank of Commerce, corner Bryan and Drayton streets, has been rented by the company, and is now receiving the necessary repairs and renovation.

☞ If General Grant doesn't mind we shall have to run him for President in 1872—that is, the Democracy will. He has done an immense deal for our party within the last few weeks. His intentions are all Radical it is true; but the results are all Democratic. He sent his bayonets to New York, and the Democracy have swept the city and State like a whirlwind. He sent his bayonets to Alabama, and the Democratic ticket is elected by a large majority. In Democratic Governor, a Democratic Legislature, and the assurance of a Democratic United States Senator in the place of carpet-bagger Warner. He sent all the Federal office-holders in Missouri to the block for their support of Gratz Brown, and Brown walks over the course. For all these kindnesses, the Democracy, if they can't consistently nominate Grant for the Presidency, should at least add a magnificent monumental wing to his villa at Long Branch. Let it be done by all means.—*Courier-Journal.*

☞ Spelled different—before marriage it is "affection;" afterward, it becomes "affliction."

## Report of Proceedings of the Committee appointed at the meeting held on the 17th ult. to receive the remains of Gen. Robert E. Lee.

MAYORALTY OF SAVANNAH,
November 15, 1870.

*Fellow-Citizens:* I have the honor of laying before you the following report of the proceedings of the Committee of Fifteen, appointed at the meeting of citizens held in this city on the 15th of October, 1870, in honor of the memory of General Robert E. Lee.

JOHN SCREVEN, Mayor.

*To the Hon. John Screven, Mayor of the city of Savannah:*

SIR—The undersigned, the committee appointed by your Honor under a resolution adopted at the public meeting which assembled in Johnson Square, on the 15th ultimo, with instructions to make suitable arrangements, and select a proper person to deliver a eulogy on the life, character, and services of the late General Robert E. Lee, at such time and place as said committee may appoint, beg respectfully to report through you to the community:

That the eulogy will be pronounced by General A. R. Lawton, on the 19th day of January next, the birth-day of the lamented dead.

That General R. H. Anderson, Colonel C. H. Olmstead, Colonel R. J. Davant, Captain George A. Mercer, and Captain John McMahon, constitute a committee charged with the selection and preparation of a place suitable for the delivery of a eulogy, with the arrangement of a procession, and the other ceremonies befitting the solemn and mournful occasion, and with other matters and details connected therewith.

That the order of the proceedings for the 19th January will be duly announced in the journals of the city.

The committee would respectfully recommend to your favorable consideration the following resolution adopted by them:

*Resolved*, That his Honor the Mayor, be requested to correspond with the Chief Magistrates of the cities of the South, inviting their co-operation in an effort to establish the birth-day of General Lee as a Memorial Day, to be kept and revered hereafter by us and our children; on which, year by year, we may have held up before us the spotless character of the Christian Hero.

They beg further to report, that Colonel C. H. Olmstead, Captain George A. Mercer and John H. Hopkins, Esq., have been appointed a committee to sid your Honor in carrying the foregoing resolutions into effect.

All of which is very respectfully submitted.

ROBERT N. GOURDIN, Chairman.

Signed by the Committee:

Col. C. H. Olmstead, Col. Jno. L. Villalonga,
Col. R. J. Davant, Jno. D. Hopkins, Esq.,
Alfred Haywood, Esq., Col. Wm. M. Wadley,
Col. A. M. Sloan, Hon. Wm. Schley,
Capt. Geo. A. Mercer, Capt. Jno. McMahon,
Gen. R. H. Anderson, Gilbert Butler, Esq.,
Dr. Jas. M. Schley, Henry Lathrop, Esq.

[*Savannah Republican.*

### "A Thirty Minutes' Talk With the Administration."

The Star publishes a two-column account this afternoon of an interview with Postmaster General Creswell, with the caption of "A Thirty Minutes' Talk with the Administration."

Regarding the elections, Creswell says:

"The result has not surprised me, though of course I am disappointed in Maryland. I ascribe the loss of that State to the energetic canvass made by the Democrats, who brought out their entire strength, including voters who had not been at the polls before for thirty years, and to the jealousy or prejudice of a large number of persons who have previously voted against the Democracy, but who last Tuesday voted against the negroes. Some of them will learn before next year that it will not hurt them to vote their own sentiments even if these sentiments are also voted for by the black man. What I told you about the defection of white voters to the party, I knew to be true from personal observations."

He was asked—How do you view the result at large as directly affecting the administration?

He replied—"Well, as I said before, I am not surprised. The history of all previous administrations will show you that they have suffered similar treatment; in other words, the election intervening between the Presidential contests has always been and will always be more or less unfavorable to the administration in power. It is natural that it should be so, for it is a season of apathy, or what politicians call the "off year," when the policy of the administration is not generally developed, has been but briefly discussed, and is not well understood. I was in the 38th Congress, which was the second of Lincoln's term. We came very near losing the House then. The border States alone saved us.

"In fact, we had such a full working majority, and many of our most important war measures were carried by from fourteen to twenty votes. The Freedmen's Bureau bill, for instance, was adopted by only one majority. So you see there is nothing new in the present condition of affairs. In fact, I think we might have expected it, and I am certain that the President didn't anticipate the re-election of all his friends. After all, the most serious result which follows our losses is the disappointment of the office-seekers in our party. They are not a small class, you know. They will not have their representatives here to help them along, and they will be compelled to wait and work for better times in the future.

I think, on the whole, that we will be better off with the fair working majority which we have in the House than we would with our former. We were too strong. The members were not compelled to consult with each other. There were too many aspirants for the leadership, and there was too much opportunity for the display of personal jealousy. We will be free from this now. There will be no risk of imperium in imperio, rings within rings, and there will be greater and more confidential concert of action. In short, I am very well satisfied with the result.

There are especial losses which you, no doubt, will regret.

"Yes, sir," he answered, "we have great reason to regret the loss of Mr. Schenk. His loss was undoubtedly the greatest of the canvass. The administration will certainly miss his power in the House.

"Looking to the future," he added, "we have no reason for uneasiness. We have only to continue the development of our policy to win in the next elections. In other words, we must keep our finances firmly in hand, continue to reduce our public debt, which is the most effective way to maintain the national credit, and at the same time relieve our people as much as possible from taxation. To do all this, we are required to maintain a sufficient tariff for revenue, but we must take from the tariff list such articles as sugar, coffee and tea, and rely on luxuries alone for our income.

We must also relieve our people from internal taxation, because it is the most odious form of collecting revenue. The law which says to a man, 'We assess you so much, and if you do not pay it, we will seize and sell your property,' is simply oppressive. For that reason, if not for the protection of our home industries, we must keep up at least a revenue tariff. When the people see and understand these facts, they will appreciate the mission of the administration."

You think then that the present party divisions or organizations will continue till the next Presidential contest.

"I certainly do," he answered. "There will be, as a matter of course, numerous side issues like those developed in New York, Pennsylvania and Missouri, but they will be comparatively local, and the National organization will continue the same. The movement in Massachusetts, with Wendell Phillips at its head, is one of these, but the workingmen know that they are as well off under the present condition of affairs as they would be with such men as he in control."

"It will not be necessary then," said he, "to infuse some new element into the policy of the Administration, as General Butler suggests in his recent manifesto."

"Do you mean a war with England?"

"I presume that is what General Butler means, or rather he intends to put a little more backbone into our Alabama claims negotiations for the purpose of annexing Canada."

"In General Butler's district," said he "where the people are excited of the fishery embroglio, the annexation scheme is talked of a great deal. Such a policy would be extensively popular; in fact, war movements are always popular with us, because we are naturally a contesting people, but it is the duty of rulers to avoid war."

"What do you think of the Schurz movement in Missouri?"

"It is one of the natural incidents of that office," he replied, "and it is very natural that General Schurz should lead it."

"He is the most accomplished English speaking and writing foreigner in this country—a very able man, but naturally a disorganizer, we suggested."

"Well," he continued, "one might expect that from his previous history."

"Do you think he will continue his opposition to the Administration when he gets back to the Senate?"

"No, I do not think he will; but I do not know.

☞ The Boston Advertiser, a Radical paper, says that in one ward in Providence, Rhode Island, "one hundred and sixteen free and independent electors sold their votes openly, at the rate of five dollars a vote." And this is "lofty" and "patriotism!" Brother Beecher, will you please lead in prayer?

☞ A high Prussian General recently begged the King of Prussia to grant him a squadron of cavalry for service in the chief town of his government. The King haughtily replied, "My dear General, you can't apply there," pointing to Metz, "he alone disposes of all our troops, and I ought to be glad if he only leaves me my body guard."

## BY TELEGRAPH.

*ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.*

### WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, November 17.—It appears by official data, that during the eight months ending September 31st last, that the exports of wheat amounted to over twenty-three million dollars; wheat flour nearly twelve million dollars; raw cotton one hundred fifty-two and a half million dollars; leaf tobacco over eleven million dollars.

Granville's position, as understood here, is that Russia may ask for the abrogation treaty by the usual routine, but may not define its provisions until so abrogated.

The strength of the United States army is 34,870.

Senator Schurz called at the White House but failed to see the President. The Star states that the President was engaged in answering private letters.

The following is another analysis of Granville's note:

"Earl Granville's reply to Prince Gortschakoff denies the right of Russia to recognize the European situation as releasing her from the obligations of the solemn treaty."

It also denies that, assuming as true that if one contracting power should consider itself released from a treaty, the others are at liberty to disregard it. It further says, that instead of making any such announcement, Russia should have invited the powers to consider the subject.

### NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, November, 17.—The World's special from London, says the peace-at-any-price party in the Cabinet, find themselves unable to resist the popular demand for war against Russia; unless she abandons her present position.

Granville told Gladstone they must choose between going with the tide or out of office. For the moment, they have yielded.

Members who oppose the position assumed by Granville in his reply to Gortschakoff are Lowe, Childens, Cardwell, Bruce and Ayerton.

The truth is, Granville sent his reply in hot haste, without consulting his colleagues, and then informed them that the country was committed to his position. He could not and would not recall.

The morning Post says, editorially, that the cause of France has now become the cause of Europe. All neutral States are bound to assist her to obtain a peace and leave her intact, or aid her to continue the war in order to hold Prussia engaged while England, Austria, Italy and Turkey whips Russia into submission.

Either Prussia must sign an easy peace to liberate her forces, or, France declining, will once more prove herself the saviour of Europe.

The Standard has a bitter attack upon Russia and Prussia, who it says, have conspired to commit a monstrous act of perfidy and violence—an audacious contempt of neutrality, introducing chaos and a series of endless European wars. No English Ministry could exist that would dare not give fight to this insolent challenge.

### CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 17.—The steamship China, from Hong Kong, has arrived.

### NORTH CAROLINA.

WILMINGTON, November 17.—The number of visitors on the third day exceed that of yesterday. The Tournament comes off to-morrow. The influx of strangers is unprecedented in the history of Wilmington.

There has been killing frosts for the past three nights.

### LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, November 17.—Charles Durain went home tight, when his wife, aged 65, struck him several blows on the head with an axe, killing him.

Frost and ice this morning.

### ENGLAND.

LONDON, November 17.—The idea of a collective note being sent to Prussia, from all the powers concerned, has been abandoned.

The Austrian dispatch in reply to Gortschakoff, is identical with that of Great Britain.

The evening papers concur in urging vigorous war measures.

Merchants here decline to charter Russian vessels.

Turkey is preparing for a desperate conflict.

Exceptions from military service in Russia, have been limited, and all classes summoned.

### PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, November 17.—A Treaty for admittance of Hesse Darmstadt into the North German Confederation has been signed.

Negotiations with Bavaria are assuming sat isfactory shape. The election a far as known, resulted, Conservative, 180, Liberals 110, Progressives 40, Catholics 40, and unclassified, 40.

### HOLLAND.

THE HAGUE, November, 17.—Further Cabinet changes. Daniel has resigned and Brock takes Mariner's portfolio.

### TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, November 17.—Sabbine Forts didn't receive Gortschakoff's note until yesterday. Dispatches are conciliatory in tone, but insits upon the revision of the treaty of 1856. Ottoman Gari will make an energetic reply.

### MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

### NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, November 17.—The World's special from Florence, dated 14th, says that Cardinal Antonielle has addressed a strong protest to the powers against the occupation of Quirnal.

Should Victor Emanuel enter Rome, the Pope will depart for Malta.

The World's special from Tours to-day says: Numerous reports reach here to the effect that Trochu made a magnificent sortie on the fifteenth, inflicting immense loss on the Prussians, and establishing communication with General D'Aurelle. Details of the fighting are incomplete, but the substance of the report is that the main attack was made along the road leading through St. Cloud, Sevarres, and Versailles, while feints were made toward St. Dennis.

The Tribune's special from London says Granville's circular is approved in every opposite quarter. Its firm tone has created astonishment, especially among the Tories, whose organ is silent this morning.

The leading Liberals are scarcely less surprised. Yesterday they expected acquiescent policy, and were prepared to defeat it; to-day there is no such indication.

Granville has gone beyond the point where public opinion will support him. Some diplomats generally say that they go no way out of it but in war; but it is equally difficult to see how this Cabinet can go to war, or take steps leading to war, without being first reconstructed; nor is it the opinion at the Foreign Office that Russia means to bring on, or that England will be compelled to accept, a conflict.

They say the situation is undoubtedly grave, but before an opinion can be formed the answer of Gortschakoff must be known, which cannot be probably for a fortnight.

Granville's dispatch was delivered by the Queen's messenger at St. Petersburg on Tuesday. An instant reply is not expected, nor is it believed that Gortschakoff's anticipated answer will be like that he received.

It is also affirmed, though understandingly that the fleet in the North Sea is captured.

Notes have been made for the present source of supplies for Orleans as Tour falls back. The forces coming to his relief are advancing rapidly. Two columns have already crossed the Youne at Sens, and the tenth corps has struck the river at Tauners.

Prince Frederick Charles, at last accounts, was at Troyes.

The explosion of a cartridge factory near Birmingham, hurt twenty five, some fatally.

### NEW HAMPSHIRE.

CONCORD, November 17.—The State Labor Reform Committee has called a Convention to nominate a Congressman and candidates for State officers. The call is addressed to the friends of the Labor Reform, and economy, impartiality and honesty in National and State governments.

### ITALY.

VIENNA, November 17.—In Reecharth's debate on an address of the Crown, closed today by Patocki, he justified the dissolution of the Chambers.

### BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, November 17.—The Independence Belge says Prussia will intervene in favor of the Pope.

### ENGLAND.

LONDON, November 17.—Rumors come from Berlin, that Great Britain has received her demand for the armistice. Indefinite rumors of French successes before Paris, are circulating.

The French cruisers have captured many German vessels in the Baltic and North Sea. The French are elated over rumors that the entire Prussian question is believed to exist between Gortschakoff and Bismarck.

That Gortschakoff did not consult Bismarck's wishes as to the time of promulgating his declaration, and that Bismarck desired it postponed.

### Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, November 17.—Cotton dull; uplands 16½; sales 24,000 bales. Flour, State and Western 10a15c better; sales 16,000 bbls; Southern, firmer; common to fair extra $ 00a $ 00; fancy and family brands 00a00 better. Wheat 1a2c better; No. 2 Chicago spring $ 00a $ 00; No. 1 Milwaukee $ 00a $ 00; winter red western $ 00a $ 00; amber Iowa $ 00a $ 00; white Michigan $ 00a $ 00. Corn 1a2c better; mixed Western 00a00; white Southern 00a00. Oats dull at 70a72. Beef quiet. Pork dull at 22 75a24 00. Lard steady. Whisky dull at 97a97½. Groceries firm and in moderate request. Turpentine quiet at 45a45½. Rosin dull at 1 90. Tallow quiet at 8¼a9. Freights firmer. Cotton per steam 3-32-16 sail ½. Wheat per rail 00. Gold 112a112½. Governments active but a trifle lower. 1862s 7s. Sterlings firmer. Tennessees 68, new 59. Virginias 53, new 64. Louisianas 71; new 66; levees 70; 8s 89. Alabamas 1 01; 5s 71. Georgias 90½; 7s 91. North Carolinas 43½; new 25. South Carolinas 85; new 71½. Money 5@6. Sterling 9½a9¾.

LATER.—The gold room in a perfect turmoil in consequence of many conflicting telegrams reported. A mistake of a cent in quotations five hundred caused heavy sales and decline from 12¾ to 12½. At the close there was a slight rally to cover shorts, but favorable financial reports from Europe checked the rebound in the market. Outside the gold room was generally quiet. Borrowers supplied. Sterling somewhat easier. 1862s 7½; 4s 62; 5s same; new 7s 9; 8s 9½ 40s 64.

CINCINNATI, November 17.—Flour active at 6 75a7 00. Corn advancing with fair demand; 48a50. Pork dull at 21 50a22 00. Lard dull and unsettled; 12½a13½. Whisky quiet and unchanged.

BALTIMORE, November 17.—Cotton dull and tending down; middlings 15½; sales 900; net receipts 152; coastwise 449; total 300; exports coastwise 150; stock 5,400.

Flour active, superfine 4 75a5 50. Wheat firm. Corn active, white southern, old, 70a 76, new 75a78. Provisions nominally unchanged.

AUGUSTA, November 17.—Market irregular and prices nominal; sales 1,000 bales; receipts 1,200, middlings 14½.

Heavy freeze last night.

NORFOLK, November 17.—Cotton quiet, low middlings 13 1-2; net receipts 1,080 bales; exports coastwise 3,154; stock 3,166.

WILMINGTON, November 17.—Cotton quiet and steady, middlings 15; sales 10 bales; net receipts 458; exports coastwise 50; stock 3,605.

CHARLESTON, November 17.—Cotton dull and lower and little doing; middlings 15; sales 50 bales; net receipts 1,670; exports coastwise 10; stock 27,598.

LOUISVILLE, November 17.—Bagging firm and unchanged. Hemp 27½; flax 28. Flour firm. Corn unchanged. Provisions in good demand; mess pork 23 00; lard 14. Whisky heavy at 84a85.

BOSTON, November 17.—Cotton dull; middlings 16½; sales 300 bales; net receipts 30; coastwise 670; total 700; stock 4,000.

GALVESTON, November 17.—Cotton less active; low middlings 13½; sales 290; net receipts 1,212; exports to Great Britain 979; stock 17,458.

SAVANNAH, November 17.—Cotton—nothing doing, to-day being a holiday; sales, none; net receipts 2,867; exports coastwise 62; total 2,779; stock 74,461.

MOBILE, November 17.—Cotton quiet and easier; middlings 14¼a15; sales 1,300; net receipts 2,889; coastwise 62; total 2,842; exports to Great Britain 892; stock 39,179.

NEW ORLEANS, November 17.—Cotton dull and lower; middlings nominally at 15¼a15½; sales 4,500 bales; net receipts 5,005; coastwise 158; total 5,163; exports to Great Britain 3,094; to the Continent 375; Barcelona coastwise 1,005; stock 105,467.

Flour firm; superfine 4 50; double extra 5 50; treble 6 25a6 50; choice 7 00a8 00. Corn firm, white 78; yellow 95a1 00. Oats firmer, St. Louis, 50a51. Bran 1 08. Hay, prime 30 00a31 00; choice 32 00. Pork dull; 24 50a25 00. Bacon; none in market. Sugar, prime 10¼a10¾. Molas

# The Daily Constitution.

Atlanta, Georgia, November 18, 1870.


## City Intelligence.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Last Legs and Irish Lion—DeGive's to-night.
Ten Residence Lots for Sale—Bell & Hammock.
Barrel Machinery for Sale—G. W. Adair.
Hardware, Iron, Steel, etc.—Bones, Brown & Co.
New Drug Store—L. S. Mead & Co.
Fire Crackers—J. B. Purdy.
Wanted—Housekeeper.
Estray Notice—James L. Wilson.

"GROWING" small by degrees and beautifully less"—the "snap-tails in Atlanta.

BELL & HAMMOCK sell ten residence lots, near the Third Baptist Church, this afternoon.

A NICE dressed bear will be sold at the meat stall of W. Kirkland & Co., corner of Broad and Alabama streets, this morning.

THE sale of reserved seats at DeGive's Opera House, for the Chapman Sisters, will take place to-morrow, at Phillips and Crew's book store.

DR. HARRISON WESTMORELAND was rearrested yesterday on a bench warrant, on the charge of assault with intent to murder Dr. C. L. Redwine, and committed to jail.

ATTENTION, is called to the advertisement of Messrs. Bones, Brown & Co., of Augusta. Of established reputation, as Hard ware Merchants, known for business integrity, all that is necessary, is to direct attention to their card.

WE were favored to meet with our genial friend, H. F. Emery, of the firm of Haywood & Emery, Oyster Packers at Brunswick. He informs us that his firm will keep Atlanta supplied with fine oysters, fish and Florida produce.

THE ladies' of the Episcopal Church have a fine set of furniture to be raffled off for the benefit of the Church. Tickets one dollar each. When the tickets are sold, one week will be devoted to the raffle. The furniture is on exhibition at Rondeau & Co.'s furniture store.

NEW DRUG STORE.—We call attention to the advertisement of the new drug store, established by Messrs. L. S. Mead & Co., in the Powell building, on Peachtree street. The prescription department will be under the charge of Tiff Mead, so well and favorably known in this section. Give the new drug store a call.

MESSRS. SPARKS & TYE have made considerable improvement at their slaughter pen, increasing their facilities for slaughtering and dressing meats. We learn that they contemplate slaughtering and packing pork on an extensive scale this season. They are now killing a large number of hogs daily, and as soon as cold weather is established, will extend their operations.

AT the meeting of the First Ward Democracy last night, to nominate a candidate for Alderman, C. P. Cusein received 327 votes, and L. H. Davis 154. Mr. Cusein was declared to be the nominee. J. P. Mays, Esq., whose name was suggested, declined to run. Both candidates made speeches, pledging themselves to abide the nomination.

MINUET CLUB HOP.—The regular fashionable "Minuet Club Hop" came off last night, and we were pleased to see young men and maidens" enjoy the passing hours in the pleasing pastime. The belle of Americus attracted marked attention, by her queenly beauty and majestic bearing, while our youthful friend, J. G. Harris, went through the "Lancers" with all the ease of an experienced veteran.

The following was the programme for the occasion, and it was skilfully carried out:

Quadrille, Gallop (Brightest Eyes), Lancers (Faust) Redows Waltz, Lancers (Grand Duchess), Quadrille, Polka Redows, Quadrille (Chest) Lancers (Horse Guards) Schottische, Quadrille, Varsovienne, Wild Irishman, Waltz (Hilda), Virginia Reel.

May the Minuet Club have many more such gay and fashionable hops.

THE rendition of "Shamus O'Brien" by Ward last night, at DeGive's, was a masterpiece of elocution, and applauded throughout.

The local burlesque of Atlanta One Hundred Years Hence, was a decided hit.

Ward appears to-night, in his great characters of Felix O'Calahan, the Irish Doctor, and Tom Moore, the Irish Tailor. Alice Vane appears as Mrs. Montague and Mrs. Fitzgig. If you would enjoy a hearty laugh go to-night.

A HIGGS CARPET.—WE were shown yesterday, by Messrs. S. S. Kendrick & Son, on Marietta street, a part of a splendid carpet they are making up for the Masonic Lodge, in Grant's building. The carpet, when completed, will contain three hundred yards. It is a rare "Peruvian" pattern of English "Body Brussels" and will add vastly to the beauty of the elegant lodge room. With full lines of carpets, curtains, oil cloths, etc., etc., the Messrs. Kendrick can fit up our homes and public buildings in the best possible manner.

"CITIZEN," in the Governor's organ, yesterday morning, indulged in a violent exhibition of spleen against the Local Editor of this Constitution. As "citizen ain't worth a "cuss" we doff ipromise to notice his pious anathemas. "Citizen" is evidently a "soap-tail" trying to get into respectability by attaching himself to a negro candidate, hoping to run in on the hitters strength. Has "citizen" ever felt the force of a "fling in the rear" from a gentleman's boot, that he squirms so under the name of "soap tail."

THE local *pro tem* of the Governor's organ, indulges to some gasconade about remarks appearing in the report of the proceedings of the Young Men's Democratic Club corrected by us yesterday in yesterday's issue. While he does not deny addressing that Club in 1868, he asserts that the fact was not advertised. He is correct, and we were in error—the fact was never advertised. Why the originator of the Young Men's Democratic Club should have been thus ignored by it we are left to conjecture. But the "talented and distinguished lawyer" can stir up the boys occasionally.

PRYOR STREET THEATER.—The company at this place of amusement is doing a good business, the reason is, it presents none of the objectionable features generally attached to Variety companies, and consequently has worked itself into prominence. The new management has united many kinds of entertainment, and has something on the programme to please every taste. Some like negro minstrelsy, therefore there is a flask of burnt cork on the bills; some like gymnastics, so there are club exercises; some like songs and dances, so there are excellent songs and superb dances: then there are broad farces and burlesques through the entire bill. Nothing obscene or objectionable is permitted, and the endorsement of Pryor Street habitues is emphatic. What more can be asked?

IN THE CONSTITUTION of the 16th, we stated that "Hon. H. C. Holcombe announced this morning, that he could not support the "soap-tail ticket." He could not consent to bow the knee to Blodgett, or be a party to the importation of votes to fraudulently elect such a ticket."

In yesterday's evening edition, Mr. Holcombe, in a card, says:

My attention was called this morning to an article in your paper of yesterday which falsely represents me. I have not, at any time, used the language therein applied to me. I have expressed some regret relative to the late nominations made by Republicans, both for county and city officers. My great desire is that the Republican party will so manage as to elect good Republicans, high-toned and efficient gentlemen, in county and city, and will give my hearty support to such candidates, and use all honorable efforts for their success at the ensuing elections."

We made the statement upon reliable authority. The following statement by a well-known and responsible citizen fully establishes our statement:

Mr. H. C. Holcombe stated, in my presence, in front of C. J. Kicklighter's confectionery, on the morning of the 16th, that "he had quit the d—d party," (alluding to the soap-tails,) because they were dishonest, and that at the proper time he would expose their dishonesty." He further said that that party had made arrangements to import a thousand men to carry the municipal election, and that he was knowing to it, and before he would act with such a party, he would buy dried blackberries from the country women, and had already purchased some at fifteen cents per pound.

[Signed] JAMES CALDWELL.

We shall see whether Mr. Holcombe acts with a party he knows to be dishonest or not.

## Local and Business Notices.

TO SMOKERS.—We have a splendid lot of cigars of the following favorite brands: Figaro, Partagas, Upman, Mirabilis, Mermaid, etc, which we will sell at very low rates. Call and examine.

nov18-dtf PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & Co.

G. W. ADAIR, AUCTIONEER.—THREE MITCHELL STREET LOTS.—I will sell on the premises on Wednesday, the 23d instant, at 10 o'clock A. M., three of those No. 1 business lots, fronting on Mitchell street, 35 by 110 feet, to an alley between Broad street and A. K. Seago's Store. Also, one lot fronting on Forsyth street, between the Seago Store and Davis Hall, 20 by 105 feet, with alley on the side, full depth.

Parties wanting business property where the cotton trade centers, should be on hand.

Terms, one-third cash; one-third 90th of December; one-third 18th of February, with interest. G. W. ADAIR,
nov16-d1w Real Estate Agent.

THE PLACE TO BUY FURS.—Largest stock Ladies' and Misses' Furs, selected by myself, now on sale at my Variety Store, Dearborn street, opposite City Park.
nov18-tf MRS. J. FRANK.

THE largest stock of Ladies' and Misses Furs in the city can be found at
J. M. HOLBROOK'S,
nov17-d3t 40 Whitehall street.

THE United States Hotel, Louisville, Ky., has been thoroughly refitted and refurnished.
nov13-d1w

"Barrett's" Hair Restorative.

INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE.—Hanleiter is a candidate to do all kinds of Ruling and Binding. nov17-d1y

"Barrett's" cheapest, purest, best.

IF there is any spectacle on earth really painful to a sensitive eye it is a frizzy, crispy, dry and unkempt head of hair. This is only an unfailing sign of slovenness and ill-breeding, but because it is wholly unnecessary, and since that indispensible article known as "Barrett's Hair Restorative" has found its way into the dressing room and boudoir of every lady and gentleman, the improvement in capillary adornment is truly wonderful. Everybody desires a fine head of hair, which is the chief attraction to the human form, but among the numerous nostrums put up and palmed off as hair "Restorers," "Renewers," "Salvations," and the like, made from old-fashioned, played-out hair *dyes*, the great question with all who are seeking for a perfect and satisfactory means of saving their hair is "what preparation shall I use?" This question, however, is easily settled by the fact that to "Barrett's" was awarded a SILVER MEDAL over every other competitor at the New Hampshire State Fair in 1866.

☞ Try "Barrett's" and you will desire no other. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

Everybody knows the nature of Castor Oil, its objectionable feature being its nauseous taste and smell. This has now been removed by "Dr. Warinner's Aromatized Castor Oil," the result of long and patient researches and experiments. nov18-1t

The refined use "Barrett's."

FOR a nice and cheap set of Ladies' or Misses Furs, go to
J. M. HOLBROOK'S,
nov17-d3t 40 Whitehall street.

Competitors don't like "Barrett's."

LAWYERS, send your pamphlets to Hanleiter's and have them bound. nov17-d1y

"Barrett's" too much for them.
nov11-d1w

LADIES, send your magazines, music, papers, etc., to Hanleiter for Binding.
nov17-d1y

LE DIABLE BOT MORT.—And Hanleiter continues to do all kinds of Ruling and Book Binding, Granite Block, Atlanta, Ga. nov17-d1y

FURS! FURS! FURS!—One thousand sets of Ladies' and Misses Furs, for sale low for cash, at J. M. HOLBROOK'S
nov17-d3t 40 Whitehall street, Atlanta.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS—PIANOS AND MELODEONS.—Geo. Cook & Co., Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. The largest house in the Southern States. Mr. Wm. M. Shackleford, an experienced gentlemen, superintends the Musical Department. Professional and Amateur Musicians will find it to their advantage to give us a call. Everything pertaining to the "Art Melodious," to be found here. Special attention paid to Tuning Pianos.
GEORGE COOK & Co.,
aug24-d1y Marietta street.

MRS. A. TURNER, Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga., desires to inform her friends and the public, that she will sell out her entire stock of Fancy Goods, Trimmings, etc., at greatly reduced prices. Some at, and many below cost, to close business. Her stock is complete, particularly in the line of Ornamental Hair Work, Hair Jewelry, etc., which she will continue in future at her private residence.

A complete assortment of Zepher Worsted; also, embroidery materials can be found at her store. nov1-d1m

MRS. J. FRANK, Decatur Street, has just returned from the market, and has now in her enlarged store, a splendid assortment of Fancy Dry Goods, Millinery, Embroideries, Lace Collars, Shawls, and Cloakings, Hosiery, etc., which she proposes to sell at her usual low prices. oct18-dtf

Go to Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street, for anything you want in the drug line. You will get it cheaper than at any other house in the city. july10-dly

If you want Rosadalis, Koskoo, McLean's Cordial, Tutt's Sarsaparilla, or Radway's Ready Resolvent, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-dly

IF YOU want White Rock Potash, Concentrated Lye, Cheap Soap, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-dly

LADIES' ready-made Traveling, Walking, and Shawl Suits, at
oct18dtf MRS. J. FRANK'S.

IF YOU want Soda, Cream Tartar, Black Pepper, Ginger, Spice, Nutmegs, Mace, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. July10-dly

IF YOU want pure Drugs go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-dly

FORTY Barrels Cherry Brandy just received at Kenny's Chicago Ale Depot, on Pryor street. july6-dtf

Go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street, and get the best Lubricating Oil that is made for fine machinery. judy10-dly

IF YOU want Window Glass, Pure Lead, Linseed Oil, Putty, or anything in the paint line, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-dly

WOMAN'S BEST FRIEND.—To relieve the aching heart of woman and bring joy where sorrow reigned supreme, is a mission before which the smiles of kings dwindle into utter insignificance. To do this is the peculiar province of Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator; which, from the numberless cures it has accomplished, is appropriately styled Woman's Best Friend. The distressing complaint known as "whites," and the various irregularities of the womb, to which woman is subject, disappear like magic before a single bottle of this wonderful compound. It is prepared by L. H. Bradfield, Druggist, Atlanta, Ga., and sold at $1.50 per bottle by respectable druggists everywhere. Physicians prescribe it. Its action is prompt, sure and decisive.
nov5-d

A CARD TO SENSIBLE PEOPLE.—Rational reader, if the aspect of the weather was uncertain, you would not be foolish enough to venture out without an overcoat or an umbrella. Have the forecast, then, to protect yourself at this dangerous season with something more important than either of these articles. Strengthen your stomach and nervous system; regulate your liver and your bowels, tone all your organs and cheer your animal spirits with that agreeable cordial, tonic and alterative, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. So shall you surely escape the disease which fasten upon the feeble and debilitated. "Suffer and be strong," says the proverb; but "be strong that you may not suffer," is the wiser maxim. And of all strengthening preparations this is the safest, the surest, the most genial. As a remedy, as well as an antidote, for dyspepsia, fever and ague, and liver diseases, there is no combination of vegetable specifics at present known which even approaches it in efficacy.

Anticipate the enemy. The elements of innumerable diseases are afloat in the raw, damp, mephitic winter air. Will you defend yourself against them or not, good reader? That is the question. A bottle or two of the great defensive medicine of the age, Hostetter's Bitters, will so strengthen and brace up your bodily powers as to enable them to "laugh a siege to scorn." The morbid matter which was inhaled in perspiration though your pores in summer, finds no such free egress now. A powerful counteracting agent is therefore needed, and you have it in Hostetter's Bitters. They neutralize the *materies morbi* from which disease originates, and regulate all the secretive organs. Nothing can be more harmless or more healthful—nothing so potent to prevent or cure biliousness, dyspepsia, fever and ague, constipation and general debility, as this wonderful corrective.
nov12-d1w4w1t

A MOST delightful dessert may be found in the new article of food, Sea Moss Farina, which can be purchased for twenty-five cents a package, that will produce sixteen quarts of most excellent blanc mange, or a proportionate quantity of custards, light puddings, farina, creams, sauces, gruels, Charlotte Russe, etc. This seems almost incredible, but it is vouched for by ladies of the highest respectability, who append their names to their statements. The company state at least fifty delicious dishes can be made from the Sea Moss Farina, and give in their circular the recipes for many of them. We consider Mr. Read's discovery a highly important one for the millions, and indeed for all classes of society, in these stringent times. nov11-2m4t-ow1w1t

## THE GEORGIA ELECTION LAW.

*An Act to Prescribe the Time, Manner and Mode for Holding an Election for Governor, and for the Meeting of the Legislature in Session.*

SECTION 1. The General Assembly of Georgia hereby enacts, That an election shall be held in this State, beginning on the 20th day of December, 1870, and ending on the 22d of said month of December, 1870, for members of Congress to serve during the unexpired term of the Forty-first Congress of the United States, and for members of the Forty-second Congress; for Senators in the State Senate from each District numbered in the Constitution with an odd number; for members of the House of Representatives of the General Assembly; for Sheriffs, Clerks of the Superior Court, Tax Receivers, and Tax Collectors, County Treasurers, Coroners, and County Surveyors, of the several counties of this State.

SEC. 2. That the said election shall commence on the said 20th day of December, and continue between the hours now fixed by law for three separate days.

SEC. 3. That said election shall be manged and superintended as the several court houses at the county seat, and at any election precincts that may exist or be established in any incorporated and organized city or town, by managers chosen as follows:

SEC. 4. And it shall be the duty of the Governor of the State, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, as soon after the passage of this act as possible, to appoint three, and the Ordinary of each county two fit and proper persons, of intelligence and moral worth, for each election precinct established at the county court house, or in any city or incorporated town in this State; and said five persons, or any three or more of them may and shall hold the election at said court house and precincts in such city or town.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the Governor to cause the said appointees to be duly notified of their several appointments as aforesaid; and it shall be the duty of said appointees to appear at the said court house, and at said precincts in said city or town, on the days fixed by this act, for the said election, whither in the hours heretofore prescribed by law and hold said elections.

SEC. 6. It shall be the duty of the Governor to furnish each of the Judges of the Superior Courts with a list of said appointees in the several counties of the respective circuits, and at the next term of said courts in each county, after the said election, it shall be the duty of the Judge to inform himself if said appointees have appeared as required by this act and held the said election, and if any such appointees have failed to appear, and in the absence of his signature to the returns shall be *prima facie* evidence of such failure, it shall be the duty of the said Judge to forthwith fine any such appointee one hundred dollars: *Provided*, That said fine may be remitted on said appointee satisfying said Judge that his failure so to attend was caused by severe sickness, or other unavoidable cause, or that he was legally disqualified from serving: And provided, further, That said appointees shall each of them be citizens of the country for which they are appointed and voters of the same.

SEC. 7. In addition to the duties now prescribed by law for the managers of elections, it shall be the duty of said managers to preserve order at and near the polls, but they shall have no power to refuse ballots of any male person of apparent full age, a resident of the county, who has not previously voted at the said election.

SEC. 8. They shall not be permitted to challenge any vote, or hinder, or delay, or interfere with any other person in the free and speedy casting of his ballot.

SEC. 9. It shall be the duty of said managers to prevent all rioting, disturbances and crowding at or near the polls, and to secure this end, it shall be their duty to prevent more than one person, and he only while voting, approaching or remaining within fifteen feet of the place of receiving ballots; and the said managers may, if they see fit, require that persons desiring to vote shall form themselves into a line, and when a line is thus formed, said managers shall prevent any person not in the line from approaching the polling place nearer than fifty feet; but in no case shall more than one voter, at any time, be permitted to approach the polls nearer than fifteen feet.

SEC. 12. It shall be the duty of said managers to receive each ballot and deposit the same in a ballot-box, and it shall not be lawful for either of them, or for any clerk to open any closed ballot until the polls are closed and the counting of the votes commenced.

SEC. 13. It shall be the duty of said managers to prevent any person, except themselves and the three clerks by them to be appointed and sworn, to remain in the room where the ballots are received so near the ballot-box or the polling place as to examine the tickets or to handle any ticket, and they shall have the same power to enforce this as other duties herein cast upon them.

SEC. 14. The said managers may select three competent persons to act as clerks in keeping the list of voters and tally sheets, but said clerks shall not be permitted to handle any ballot or examine the same.

SEC. 15. One of said managers shall receive the ballot from the voters and hand them to a second, who shall deposit the same in the box, and at no time shall any vote be received unless there be at least three of said managers present.

SEC. 16. Said managers, clerks and officers, except police officers actually on duty, shall receive from the county treasurer three dollars for each day's duty at said election.

SEC. 17. It shall be in the power of said managers, or any three of them, to fine any sheriff, deputy sheriff, marshal or police officer, not more than one hundred dollars, as for contempt, if he fail to obey any lawful order of said managers, or either of them, for the enforcement of the law, for keeping the peace, preserving order, and protecting the freedom of election on the day of the election.

SEC. 18. Said managers shall shall each of them take the following oath: "I do swear that I will faithfully, fully, and impartially hold the present election; I will prevent no person from voting who is of apparent age, a resident of the county, and who has not previously voted at this election; I will not open any closed ticket until the polls have been closed, nor will I divulge for whom any person voted, unless called upon by some legal tribune; I will permit no one to challenge, delay or hinder any voter from the free and speedy casting of his ballot; I will, in good faith to the best of my ability, endeavor to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and the other laws for holding elections; I will make a fair, correct, and honest and impartial return of the result of the election. So help me God."

[Any manager may administer this oath to the others.]

SEC. 19. Nothing in this act prohibiting challenges at the polls shall be construed to authorize any one to vote who is not under the Constitution, a qualified voter in the county of the election; but all persons not duly qualified to vote are, and shall continue to be, subject to all the pains and penalties fixed by law in case they vote illegally.

SEC. 20. Each of the said clerks shall be sworn fairly, impartially and truthfully, to keep the list of voters, and fairly and honestly to keep the tally sheet at said election.

SEC. 21. It shall be the duty of the Ordinaries of the several counties of this State to furnish stationery for the purpose of said election, and also to have ready, and furnish for each of the sets of managers provided for by this act, a ballot box sufficiently large to hold the ballots fitkely to be cast at said polling place—said ballot box to be made so that it cannot be opened without serious damage to the box on all sides except one, and on that side to have a suitable lid with the opening therein sufficiently large to admit the pushing in of the ballots one by one said lid to be so constructed as that it may slide into grooves in the box, and have a lock thereto; and it shall be the duty of the managers to open and examine said box at the opening of the polls and then to lock the same; and at the close of the polls on each day it shall be the duty of each manager to put upon said lid a strip of paper with his name thereon, and affix the same by adhesion to the lid and box, so that the box cannot be opened without the rupture of said paper, and this being done, the box shall, for the night, be entrusted to the keeping of one of the managers, and another of the managers shall take the key; and it shall be the duty of such managers entrusted with said box or key to permit no one to tamper in any way with the same; and if such tampering be done, the manager entrusted with the same shall be deemed prima facie guilty of having done the same, and on conviction, shall be punished as provided in section 4668 of the Revised Code, for the punishment of misdemeanors.

SEC. 22. An election manager or clerk or other officer on duty in the holding of any election, who shall be guilty of any fraudulent practice in changing any ballot or in using any trick or device by which any false return is made, or any ballot-box is tampered with, or who shall in any way be guilty of any false or fraudulent practice or act by which any vote actually cast is not fairly counted and returned, shall be guilty of misdemeanor, and on conviction, shall be punished as provided in section 4668 of the Revised Code.

SEC. 23. All laws militating against or inconsistent with this act, are hereby repealed, but all other laws not militant or inconsistent therewith, are hereby declared of force, and to be obeyed by said manager.

Approved October 3, 1870.

☞ The latest thing in coffins is advertised in Albany. This coffin exposes the body at full length as though lying on a sofa; so by putting a cigar in the mouth, or a newspaper in the hands, the corpse will look as comfortable as possible. Those who have tried it are greatly pleased.

## Agents for the Constitution.

The following gentlemen are regularly authorized agents for the CONSTITUTION, and are empowered to receive subscriptions and collect money for the same:

J. T. PAUL, Decatur, Ga.
J. M. HOLLIDAY, Lawrenceville, Ga.
G. W. WATKINS, Dacula, Ga.
L. F. WATKINS, Monticello, Ga.
LEWIS TYLER, Cartersville, Ga.
J. M. BOYD, Kingston, Ga.
W. H. MCCLESKY, Cassville, Ga.
W. H. MORRIS, Warrenton, Ga.
D. P. ADAMS, Forsyth, Ga.
W. H. CARROLL, Thomaston, Ga.
J. M. BOWDEN, Barnesville, Ga.
Colonel J. H. LOGAN, Griffin, Ga.
W. A. JONES, West Point, Ga.
KNOTT & NOLAN, McDonough, Ga.
O. F. SAUNDERS, Dalton, Ga.
WARREN & KING, Albany, Ga.
R. C. BRAYTON, Chattahoochee, Fla.
Jas. T. LARKIN, Lawrenceville, Ga.
C. A. DUKWORTH, Roswell Factory, Ga.
Colonel SIDNEY ROOT, Athens, Ga.
J. W. BATTEY, Powder Springs, Ga.
H. H. FARAR, Kingston, Ga.
Y. M. CHEVES, Cherokee, Ga.
JOHN W. MCCURRY, Stone Mountain, Ga.
Rev. W. J. SCOTT, Acworth, Ga.


WM. KETCHAM,
Auction and Commission Merchant,
NO. 94 BROAD STREET,
ROME.....GEORGIA.
Large and safe Storage for Furniture, Stoves and all sorts of Merchandise.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.
N. B.—Quick Sales and Prompt Settlements.
oct26-d3m

W. L. MARTIN,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
TENNESSEE PRODUCE,
Powell's Block, Peachtree Street,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
ALSO, Agent for the purchase and sale of Real Estate. Having been engaged in this business for the last Fifteen Years he flatters himself that entire satisfaction will be given to all who entrusts their business to his care. Renting a specialty.
Reference—Messrs. W. W. Vining, W. C. Moore, of Moore & Moore, and W. M. & H. J. Lowry.
Atlanta, Ga., November 8th, 1870. nov10-d2m

NOTICE.
ALL claims for labor on the H. I. Kimball House are being audited, and will be paid on the 15th of November. J. C. PECK,
nov3-tf Superintendent.

Notice!
WE have opened a Fresh Meat House on east side Peachtree street, opposite the Powell new building. We keep on hand all nice Beef, Mutton, Hogs, Sausages, etc., etc.
We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Fresh Meats. MILLER & LYONS.
nov6-d1m

Wide Awake! Wide Awake!
TO THE CITIZENS OF ATLANTA.
WE are now prepared to make BOOTS and SHOES of all descriptions to order. If you want Patent Leather, Cork-soles, Box-toed, Water-proof, Light, stitch or Pumps of the finest French Calf Skin, we can furnish them to you at short notice and warrant the fit. The soles are made of the finest English Sole Leather, and Fancy Gaiters of all descriptions made for gentlemen in the most approved style. Call and see us at our Shop, Pryor Street, in front of the Theater, if you want the finest and best fitting Boots in the city. WANTED—Five first-class Boot Makers. None others need apply. C. HUGHES & SON.
oct28-d1y

Hay! Hay! Hay!
500 TONS CHOICE BRIGHT HAY READY FOR shipment.
Callahan & Son,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
HAY, CORN, OATS, FLOUR,
OFFAL AND FEED OF ALL KINDS,
Groceries, Produce and Provisions, Lime, Cement and Plaster,
CORNER OF NINTH AND BROADWAY,
Louisville.....Kentucky.
oct5-d3m

O. W. PORTER. J. T. MCONNELL.
Porter & McConnell,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
BACON, LARD, FLOUR, GRAIN, HAY,
Lime, Plaster, Cement, etc.,
NO. 5 BROAD STREET, ROME, GEORGIA,
Consignments and orders solicited.
oct13-d3m

James Kennedy,
MERCHANT MILLER,
6th Street, Louisville, Kentucky.
FLOUR of all grades always on hand, and furnished at the lowest prices. oct11-d3w3monthly

BRICKS FOR SALE.
I HAVE Two hundred thousand good stocks BRICKS, at my yard, in Wm. End, which I will sell reasonably, for cash, if called for soon.
aug30-d3tf JULIUS GLATZ.

MESSRS. WM. ERSKINE & CO.,
OFFER special inducements in Irish and Scotch Linens, Table Oil Cloths, and Window Shades. We are direct importers of these goods and supply the wholesale and retail trade at remarkable prices. An inspection of our stock is respectfully solicited, and a note should be taken of our moderate charges.
oct20-1m WM. ERSKINE & CO.,
25 Whitehall Street.

PARIS MILLINERY.
MRS. E. L. McDOWELL
WILL open a Splendid Assortment of PARIS MILLINERY, on Monday, October 17th instant, over the Store of I. L. Falk & Co., 3rd stir, Whitehall. She respectfully invites
THE LADIES OF ATLANTA
and surrounding country to call and examine her Stock before purchasing elsewhere.
oct15-d3m

HOGANSVILLE
Male and Female Institute.
FACULTY:
GEORGE C. LOONEY, President and Professor of Mathematics and Physical Sciences.
MRS. C. D. CRAWLEY, Principal of Female Department, and teacher of Latin, Mathematics and Calisthenics.
C. A. KEY, A. M., Secretary and Professor of Latin, Greek and French.
Professor HENRY SCHORLLER, Principal of Musical Department, and teacher of German.
English branches taught thoroughly and practically by G. C. Looney, C. A. Key and Mrs. Crawley.
At this School, young ladies, as well as young gentlemen, will be educated physically, intellectually and morally.
No institution in the South shall surpass it in discipline, in comprehensive course of study, in the tact, experience and scholarship of its teachers, or in their willingness to labor for the advancement of their pupils.
One hundred and twenty dollars will cover the session for Board, Tuition, Fuel, Lights, Harp, Organ, etc., etc. Session per month will cost Piano room of three months extra.
Tuition fees must be paid in advance for the term. For further particulars address
GEORGE C. LOONEY,
nov4-tf Griffin, Ga.

BEST SAWED SHINGLES & LATHS.
ALSO ALL
VARIETIES OF DRY
AND
FRAMING LUMBER,
CAN BE HAD AT
LANDSBERG'S
LUMBER YARD,
OPPOSITE GEORGIA RAILROAD DEPOT.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
oct9—dtf

A RARE CHANCE FOR GOOD INVESTMENT.
THE Proprietors offer for sale a half interest in
The Plantation.
This paper is the LEADING WEEKLY AGRICULTURAL JOURNAL, in the South, with a large and increasing circulation.
A partner having some experience in this line of business preferred. PLANTATION,
Atlanta, Ga.
Will receive prompt attention.
nov18—dtf

The Tournament.
AFTER due consideration of the matter in order to do full justice to all parties, the Committee of Arrangements of the Tournament to be given by the Gate City Guard, have decided to postpone the Tournament to the 22d of October, as requested in communications from Macon and Columbus. The Tournament will take place on the 22d of October, and will be followed by a Grand Ball, at which the Queen of Love and Beauty will be crowned. Reserved seats will be sold on the day of the Tournament at the Box Office. Tickets for the Ball can be had at the Box Office or from any member of the Guard.
By order of the Committee of Arrangements.
W. L. PEEL, Chairman.
nov18-d3t

WANTED.
A GOOD CLERK WANTED, to assist in our retail department. Apply at
nov18-d1w 3 Whitehall street.

Patent Medicines.
Old Carolina Bitters.
A DELIGHTFUL TONIC.
We take great pleasure in offering the
OLD CAROLINA BITTERS
to the public. They are compounded with great care, and contain some of the best Tonics in the Pharmacopia. As evidence of the superiority of our Bitters over all others, we have certificates from many of the leading physicians in our State, who have prescribed them in their practice.
THE OLD CAROLINA BITTERS
Will be found invaluable for
Want of Appetite,
General Debility,
Chills and Fever and Dyspepsia.
We do not offer our Bitters as a cure for all diseases, but as an Aromatic Tonic, they have no equal. For sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. Principal Depot, GOODRICH, WINEMAN & CO.,
Importers of Choice Drugs and Chemicals,
jan19-d1y Charleston, S. C.

Fahnestock's Vermifuge.
WHEN [illegible] of Worms [illegible] proportion of children more or less, has long been a subject of remark, and without a satisfactory cause ascertained, it is certain.
Also, it is known that worms exist in the human system, in every climate. They therefore prevail, especially mothers, who are more constantly with their children, cannot be too observing of the first symptoms of worms; for as early as they exist, can they be safely and as certainly removed from the most Delicate Infant to Adult, by the timely use of
B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge.
It is perfectly harmless, contains no Mercury, being a purely Vegetable Composition, and may be administered with the utmost safety to children of all ages.
Worm Confections, made expr. for the purpose of pleasing the palate, thus of overcoming the disease, have been manufactured all over the country, but their short lease of life is nearly exhausted, and B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge continues to agrown in favor daily.
CAUTION.
Should occasion require you to purchase B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, be particularly careful to see that the initials are B. A. This is the article that has been so
FAVORABLY KNOWN SINCE 1839.
And purchasers must insist on having it, if they do not, wish to have an imitation forced upon them.
Swartz & Haslett,
FORMERLY
R. A. FAHNESTOCK'S, SON & CO.,
Sole Proprietors, Pittsburgh, Pa.
dec9-dcod4w1y

FOR SALE.
The Midway Railroad House.
I AM now offering for sale the MIDWAY RAILROAD HOUSE, in Adairsville, Bartow county, Georgia. It is situated on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, thirty feet of the track, midway between Atlanta and Chattanooga, and was formerly patronized extensively by railroad men. It is built of the best material, three stories high, twenty-four large rooms, in excellent shape for boarders, and all the conveniences necessary to conduct a No. 1 Hotel.
Adairsville is a thriving town, located in Cherokee Iron region, and surrounded by some of the finest lands in the State, good schools, good society, and a more healthy place cannot be found.
Terms to suit purchasers. For further particulars call on or address J. C. AYCOCK,
oct18-dtf Adairsville, Georgia

Colquitt & Baggs,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants,
BAY STREET,
Savannah.....Georgia.
sep20-dtf

$10,000 Guarantee.
BUCK LEAD Excels all other LEAD!
1st. For its Unrivaled Whiteness.
2d. For its Unequaled Durability.
3d. For its Unsurpassed Covering Property.
Lastly for its Cheapness.
IT COSTS LESS to paint [illegible] any other White [illegible] same weight covers more surface, is [illegible] capable, [illegible] Work.
BUCK LEAD, is the Cheapest and Best.

$10,000 Guarantee.
BUCK ZINC Excels all others in ZINCS.
1st. For its Unequaled Durability.
2d. For its Unrivaled Whiteness.
3d. For its Unsurpassed Covering Property.
Lastly, for its Great Cheapness.
Being the Cheapest, Handsomest, and most Durable White Paint in the world.
BUY ONLY
The Buck Lead and Zinc.
TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED.
Satisfaction Guaranteed by the Manufacturers
Buck Cottage Colors,
Prepared expressly for Painting Cottages, Outbuildings of every description, Fences, etc. Thirty five different colors, Durable, Cheap, Uniform, and Beautiful Shades.
A sample cards sent by mail if desired.
Liberal Orders will be promptly executed by the Manufacturers.
FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO.,
N. W. Corner Fourth and Market Streets,
Philadelphia.
For sale by PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO.,
feb23-d1y Atlanta, Ga.

Pensacola, Fla.
SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY
For Investment.
The Pensacola city Company.
WILL offer for sale, in Pensacola, Florida, at Public Auction,
Thursday, November 15th, 1870,
And on subsequent days, a large number of choice City Lots, most slightly located, for both
Business and for Residences.
Water Front
To channel, secured for Wharf and Commercial Privileges.
The opening to the South offers the same advantages for investment and trade with a Harbor unrivaled on the Gulf, with interior communication by rail, now completed every day improving, with connections in all directions, nothing is required to make [illegible]
GULF TRADE
Rail and steam enterprises and prudent use of Capital. No Gulf City can boast a climate so pleasant and accessible.
E. A. MAXWELL, President.
oct16-d3w2

POSTPONED!
$6,000
For One Dollar.
$30,000 WORTH OF
REAL ESTATE
AND PERSONAL PROPERTY TO BE
RAFFLED
FOR, AT CALHOUN, GEORGIA,
THURSDAY, Dec. 29th, 1870.
EVERY TICKET GUARANTEED A PRIZE.
Raffle Conducted by Six Drawn Commissioners.
[illegible]
[illegible]

TICKETS ONE DOLLAR!
Every Prize Guaranteed.
NO HUMBUG!
GRAND RAFFLE
AND SALE WILL COME OFF IN
Ringgold, Ga.,
On the 10th day of January next.
$10,000.
B. C. YATES' Large Two-story Brick Store House and Lot, on Tunnel Hill Depot Square, with all the Goods and Fixtures included, ($4,000) Thousand Dollars, being the
Capital Prize!
All the other Prizes will be $50, $25, $20, and $10 Prizes, consisting of all kinds of goods usually kept in a first-class Dry Goods Store.
Plan of Raffle.
There will be 12,000 Tickets issued and sold, $,000 of which are Prize Tickets.
I will give $500 to the person selling the largest number of tickets.
$250 to the person selling the next largest number of tickets.
$125 to the person selling the next largest number of tickets.
$50 to the person selling the next largest number of tickets.
I will give the lady selling the largest number of tickets a Wardell & Wilson's Sewing Machine.
Every person selling ten tickets will be entitled to the same chance.
On the 10th day of January, 1871, there will be six dice thrown three times, from the same box, by six Drawn Commissioners, for every ticket sold, and the three throws of each dice will be added, and the person holding the ticket with the largest number of points, another throw will determine the fortunate one.
Perfect titles made.
Prizes forwarded and premiums paid immediately after Drawing.
The celebrated SEWING MACHINE, with Patent Self-Adjusting Tension, Self-Regulating Feed, Self-Setting Needle, Self-Threading Shuttle, Reversible Feed, Self-Acting Balance Wheel, Patent Check Motion for Chain and Tucks, etc., etc.
I will give the lady selling the largest number of tickets, one of Wardell & Wilson's Sewing Machines, price $65.
Address B. C. YATES,
Ringgold, Ga.
Reference—Judge J. B. Parr

The Daily Constitution.

IS THERE ANY MONEY IN IT?

"Is there any money in it?"
Asks the calculating man—
"And shall we be sure to win it
If I join you in your plan?
I'd be tickled if I'd heeded
Such advice as this before—
Let me know how much is in it
And I'll think the matter o'er."

Is there any money in it,
To the question of the hour;
Men will listen to you in a minute
To your schemes for money's power.
Who these times can do without it?
Or who, having, wants not more?—
Tell your neighbor all about it;
Let him think the matter o'er.

If there's any money in it,
Be the project what it may,
Men are ready to begin it—
Just assure them it will pay.
Some "will not invest a shilling—
Care not to increase their store,"
But you'll find them very willing
When they've thought the matter o'er.

TOO DEAR FOR BEAUTY.

The Increasing Habit of Eating Arsenic for the Complexion.

Newspapers in Maine complain that women even in small towns of that State have adopted to an alarming extent the practice of eating arsenic. The object, as most people know, says the New York Times, is to give whiteness and clearness to the complexion, and in some parts of Continental Europe the habit is very common. By gradual increase the dose, one may take, with impunity, so far as immediate risk is concerned, enough arsenic to kill several strong men not accustomed to its use. The secret, however, is soon betrayed in the countenances of the victims of the practice. A deadly pallor settles upon the face and lips, and an unnatural brightness steals into the eye. It is said, too, that a person once firmly attached to its use finds it almost impossible to give up the fatal practice. No doubt the custom now so prevalent of dyeing the hair to the various "blonde" shades is responsible for the introduction of this new and perilous device.

Pearl powder, bismuth, preparations of lead, and even corrosive sublimate itself, are found, we suppose, inadequate to make the skin of most women, whose hair is naturally dark, correspond with the yellow, ruddy and flaxen hue now thought so beautiful. But it may interest those who are on the verge of falling a prey to this pernicious habit, to know that the average of people who merely work with arsenious acid, and do not voluntarily take it into the system, is less than thirty-five years. The experiments of Tschudi show, that while arsenic, for certain peculiar diseases may be given in large doses, with comparative safety, it is in general, steadily injurious to the vital functions, and ultimately destructive. One ghastly evil incidental to its use, can by no means be avoided. This is that the habit, once thoroughly formed, can only be relinquished at the expense of a wasting away of all the physical powers. Arsenic is in this respect worse than opium or alcohol. If ladies must wear golden hair and are bound to have complexions to match, they ought to depend altogether on external cosmetics—always including those hygienic promoters of roses and lilies, fresh air and exercise.

A Coward of Conscience.

Cowardice, like jealousy (if, indeed, the latter is not a phase of the former), is ever alert to pervert the smallest ordinary circumstance to its own intensification; and the fact finds striking illustration in an affair reported by the New Haven Register. A conductor on one of the night trains passing through that city to Boston, was collecting tickets one evening last week, when he came to a genteelly dressed passenger, who, apologizing for not having procured the usual card before taking his seat, handed up what looked like a $100 greenback bill in payment for his fare. Rather impatient at having such a large note to change, the conductor gruffly remarked, "I will attend to your case immediately, sir;" and, after a closer look to be sure of his man, went into the next car. Upon scrutinizing the money he had received, he was astonished to discover that, instead of a $100 bill it was nothing less than a $1,000 treasury note. Sure that the passenger had made a mistake, he hastened back to him and remarked that he could not give change for a note of such large denomination. "What note?" asked the passenger, in seeming surprise. "Why this $1,000 trifle," explained the conductor. "You are entirely mistaken," returned the other, "I never gave you any bill."

"You gave me no check; but what I handed to you was my ticket, and nothing else." Twirling the note in his fingers, the conductor, fairly non-plussed, stared at what he could see of this incredible traveler in the dim light of the car, and began to think himself insane when a second passenger, in still deeper shade, added: "Certainly the gentleman gave you a ticket. I saw him purchase it at the New York office when I bought mine." In short, the astonished and fortunate railway official was obliged to retire with his thousand dollars, which he still retains; and can account for the extraordinary affair only by the supposition that his mysterious passenger was some great criminal who, inferring from the conductor's manner of saying: "I will attend to your case," and subsequent closer look, that his identity was suspected, took the above method of denying himself, by the aid of an accomplice, and, at the same time, offering a heavy bribe for secrecy. By no other line of conjecture can the occurrence be accommodated to reason; but whether the passenger was an escaping murderer, or a bank robber, or some English fugitive from detection of his own nationality, must, probably, remain a mystery for all time to come.

☞ How many people are to-day reminded of those strangely prophetic words of Irving, who knew Eugenie, the late Empress of the French, and who, while comparing her with another mutual acquaintance who entered a convent, said: "Now Eugenie is on the throne, while —— is a voluntary recluse in a convent of one of the most rigorous orders. Poor ——. Perhaps, however, her fate may ultimately be the happier of the two. With her the storm is over and she is at rest, but the other is launched upon a dangerous sea, infamous for its tremendous shipwrecks. Am I to live to see the catastrophe of her career of the end of this suddenly conjured-up Empire, which seems to be of such stuff as dreams are made of?"

☞ The Louisville Courier-Journal perpetrate, the following:

"The friends of George Francis Train should not be uneasy about him. It is true many of the French people have been reduced to the necessity of eating horses, but when they are at last compelled to fall back on jackasses, Train will of course have to fly for his life."

"There was a wedding in New Hampshire the other day, the parties to which were aged, the groom eighty-nine years, and the bride ninety-two. They would have married some time ago, but put it off a while at the request of their parents, who were opposed to early marriages."

☞ A negro in Brown county, Ohio, indicted for burglary, was brought into court and arraigned. After pleading not guilty, he was asked by the court whether he had counsel. He said he had not, nor relatives, and his friends were scarce. The Judge, who is inclined to be waggish, asked him how he voted. He was a Republican, he said, and voted for Mister John Smith. The Judge then asked him if he would prefer a Republican or Democrat to defend him. The prisoner thereupon felt his way, and, cocking up one eye at the waggish Judge, replied: "Well, under de sare cirstances, Judge, I prefers a Democratic lawyer." He was gratified. That "culled pusson" if he knows how to break into the penitentiary, knows also how to choose a good lawyer.

☞ One Jesse Mercer, a distinguished Baptist preacher in Georgia, was called upon to preach a funernal sermon for Governor Rabun, his personal and political friend. Attending to hear the discourse was the new Governor, Clark, and the Legislature. Clark was an enemy of Mercer's. As soon as he described Clark he read from the Bible the text, "When the wicked rule the land mourns," looking intently toward him. His sermon was half made up of comments upon the irregularities of Clark's life.

☞ The negro mass meeting recently held in Forsyth, adopted the following resolution: Resolved, That we heartily endorse the administration of his Excellency, Rufus B. Bullock, and as a Christian, patriot and gentleman he stands unrivaled, and his name shall be green forever in our memories.

Our worthy contemporary, the Forsyth Advertiser, asks how is this for high. Perhaps it would be better to ask, "how is this for *green*." Its verdancy is conspicuous.

☞ We understand that on Friday last the President recalled Hon. J. Lathrop Motley, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to England. Hon. Benjamin Moran, Secretary of Legation at London, will be made *Chargé d'Affaires* until a new Minister is appointed. Mr. Motley has been instructed to turn over the affairs of the Legation to Mr. Moran. We learn that the President has not yet selected a successor to Mr. Motley, all reports to the contrary notwithstanding.—*Washington Chronicle.*

☞ A nephew and namesake of the well-known Kit Carson was found dead a few mornings ago in the street a Pichoe City, Nevada, with a pistol in his hand and several bullet holes in his person.

☞ Susan B. Anthony says, "Marriage is a fearful thing." That's all she knows about it.


STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

IN GRAIN, PROVISIONS, PRODUCE, LIQUORS, Etc.

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF

Lime, Guano, Virginia Land Plaster and Salt,

Forsyth Street, near the Capitol,

ATLANTA, - - - GA.

HAVING REMOVED ACROSS THE STREET TO OUR LARGE AND COMMODIOUS STORE, NEXT door to GLENN & WRIGHT'S, we are prepared to receive, store and sell any consignments sent us, and make

Liberal Cash Advances

On the same. With improved facilities and increased trade, can promise quick sales and PROMPT CASH RETURNS. Being sole Agents for the sale of Flour manufactured by the

Celebrated "Champion Mills,"

Of Rome, Georgia, and receiving large quantities daily, we are prepared to fill all orders sent us promptly, and give our personal guarantee that the quality of this FLOUR is, and will continue, fully equal, if not superior to any in our market. Have now in store and are receiving daily, large lots of

HAY, CORN, OATS, WHEAT, RYE, BACON, LARD, RYE AND CORN, WHISKY,

VIRGINIA APPLE BRANDY, PURE HOLLAND GIN,

TOBACCO, CANDLES, Etc., COTTON YARNS, DOMESTICS, GRAIN SACKS, Etc.

Our instructions are to exchange these articles for Cash; consequently we invite the attention of prompt paying customers, to whom we will guarantee LOW PRICES.

We have orders for 50,000 bushels of WHEAT, and invite consignments with which to fill the same. Oats, Rye and Barley also wanted.

jul21—d6m

STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

House Furnishing Goods,

COOKING and Heating Stoves, Marbleized Slate Mantels, Grates, etc. Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Copper, Lead and Zinc Pumps of all Patterns and Prices, and Hydraulic Rams. Rubber Hose, Lead Pipe and Wrought Iron Pipe for Gas, Steam and Water. Gas Fixtures and Fittings, etc.

We call special attention to our

COLUMBIA COOK STOVE!

THE BEST STOVE

In the Market for the Price.

Easily Managed, and for Neatness, Utility and Durability it cannot be excelled.

Plumbing, Gas Fitting and Tin Roofing

Done to Order at Short Notice by the best Mechanics.

Call and See Us, at No. 9,

oct15-d3m MARIETTA STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

CLEGHORN, HERRING & CO.,

Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA,

CHARLESTON, SOUTH CAROLINA, AND PHILADELPHIA, PENN.,

SOLICIT Consignments of COTTON from Planters and Merchants, and propose to sell such as may be sent to their AUGUSTA HOUSE at

One Dollar per Bale Commission.

Are prepared to forward and make Advances on Consignments to their Charleston and Philadelphia Houses; also, to ROBERT LOCKHART & DEMPSTER, Liverpool, ENGLAND.

General Agents for the sale of

WHANN'S RAW-BONE SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME.

We offer this first class Standard Fertili zer, delivered on the cars at Charleston, South Carolina, at $60 per Ton, Cash, or $70 per Ton for approved city acceptance, payable November 1st, 1871.

We guarantee the quality of WHANN'S to be equal to that sold by us and our agents for the past two seasons.

CLEGHORN, HERRING & CO.

Wham's is for Sale By

W. L. High, Madison, Ga.; J. F. Sharp, Social Circle, Ga.; Rogers & Wood, Covington, Ga.; W. J. Russell, Athens, Ga.; M. E. Penticost, Rome, Ga.; G. W. Camp, Carrollton, Ga.; Pace & Williams, Hogansville, Ga.; Dr. J. W. Herring, Thomaston, Ga.; R. Winship, Macon, Ga.; D. A. Jewell, Culverton, Ga.; J. S. Bean, La Grange, Ga.; A. Leyden, Atlanta, Ga., and Cleghorn, Herring & Co., Augusta, Georgia, and Charleston, South Carolina.

sep20-d3m

THE CHARLESTON LINE

—FOR—

FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS!

—TO AND FROM—

Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston,

AND ALL THE NEW ENGLAND MANUFACTURING CITIES.

Three Times a Week,

Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays!

Elegant State Room Accommodations.

SEA VOYAGE TEN TO TWELVE HOURS SHORTER

VIA CHARLESTON!

Total Capacity 40,000 Bales Monthly.

THE SOUTH CAROLINA RAILROAD COMPANY, and connecting Roads West, in alliance with the Fleet of Thirteen First-Class Steamships to the above Ports, invite attention to the Quick Time and Regular Dispatch afforded to the business public in the Cotton States at the

PORT OF CHARLESTON.

Offering facilities of Rail and Sea Transportations for Freight and Passengers not equaled in excellence and capacity at any other Port. The following splendid Ocean Steamers are regularly on the line:

TO NEW YORK.

MANHATTAN, M. S. Woodhull, Commander.
CHAMPION, R. W. Lockwood, Commander.
CHARLESTON, James Berry, Commander.
JAMES ADGER, T. J. Lockwood, Commander.
GEORGIA, S. Crowell, Commander.
SOUTH CAROLINA, Sam Adkins, Commander.
CLYDE, Alex. Hunter, Commander.
ASHLAND, Beckett, Commander.

JAMES ADGER & CO., Agents, Charleston, S. C.
WAGNER, HUGER & CO., Agents, WM. A. COURTENAY, Charleston, S. C.

TO PHILADELPHIA.

SALVOR, C. H. Ashcroft, Commander.
EVICHAN, C. Buckley, Commander.
WM. A. COURTENAY, Agent, Charleston, S. C.
Sailing Days—Saturdays.

TO BALTIMORE.

FALCON, Horsey, Commander.
SEA GULL, Dutton, Commander.
MARYLAND, Johnson, Commander.
Sailing Days—Every Fifth Day.
P. C. TRENHOLM, Agent, Charleston, S. C.

Rates Guaranteed as low as those of Competing Lines. Marine Insurance one-half of one per cent. Through Bills of Lading and Through Tickets can be had at all the principal Railroad Offices in Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee and Mississippi.

State Rooms may be secured in advance, without extra charge, by addressing Agents of the Steamships in Charleston, at whose offices, in all cases, the Railroad Tickets should be exchanged for Steamship Tickets. The Through Tickets by this Route include Wrappers, Meals and State Rooms, while on Shipboard.

The South Carolina Railroad,

And its connecting Lines have largely increased their facilities for the rapid movement of Freight and Passengers between Northern Cities and the South and West. Continental Night Cars, with the Holmes Chair, without extra charge, have been introduced. First-Class Eating Saloon at Branchville.

Freight promptly transferred from Steamers to day and night trains at the Wharves. The Most Direct connection made with other Roads, delivering Freight at depots in Charleston, thus saving Cartage. Consignees are confident that their Line cannot be surpassed in Dispatch and the Safe Delivery of Goods.

R. D. HASELL, General Agent.
No. 2 Bowling Green, New York.

S. B. PICKENS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

ED. H. BARNWELL, General Freight Agent.

Bacon Advertisements.

HARDEMAN & SPARKS.

WE DEEM IT WHOLLY UNnecessary to inform the Planters of Middle and Southern Georgia that we are still engaged in our old business at our old stand in

Warehouse & Commission

Business, where, for so many years, we have served you as

FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

We have left no stone unturned to aid you in consigning us your Cotton for interest, in order that we may speak a word in addition of the very liberal patronage so tendered us in the past. Your Cotton shall be weighed on the Levers, sold and accounted for on the square. By closely guarding your every interest, we intend to merit your confidence.

To our old friends, of many years standing, we return our grateful acknowledgements, and to our new ones, who may favor us, we promise our best efforts, backed by the experience of many years, to serve them faithfully and well.

Orders for supplies will meet with prompt attention.

O. G. SPARKS,
T. HARDEMAN, Jr.

aug24-d3m

GEO. M. LOGAN,

GENERAL

Commission Merchant,

SECOND STREET,

Macon, - - - Ga.

REFERENCES—J. B. Ross & Son, Macon, Ga.; I. C. Plant, Esq., Banker, Macon, Ga.; Hardeman & Sparks, Macon, Ga.; C. A. Nasing, Esq., Banker, Macon, Ga.; W. B. Johnston, Esq., Macon, Ga.; S. F. Diekinson, Esq., Dalton, Ga.; Moore, Jenkins & Co., New York; Corbett & Brother, New York; E. Russell, Esq., New York; A. L. Maxwell, Esq., Macon, Ga.; J. DeLoache, Esq., Macon, Ga.; J. W. Lathrop, Esq., Savannah, Ga.; Daniel Perkins & Co., New York.

Cotton purchased and shipped on order.

aug10-d6m

Savannah Advertisements.

S. B. GROOVER, Savannah. C. F. STUBBS, Savannah. A. T. MACINTYRE, Thomasville.

GROOVER, STUBBS & CO.,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

94 BAY STREET,

SAVANNAH.

☞ Bagging, Ties, Rope, and other supplies furnished. Also, liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments for sale or shipment by Liverpool or Northern ports.

aug10-d6m

TO THE MERCHANTS OF ATLANTA.

The Atlantic and Gulf

FREIGHT & PASSENGER

LINE!

STARTING from Savannah, connects at Jessup with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad, at Macon with the Macon and Western Railroad, and at Atlanta with the various Roads diverging from this city, forming an unbroken line from the seaboard to all points in Middle and Upper Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Tennessee.

☞ EXPRESS FREIGHT TRAINS RUN THROUGH DAILY FROM SAVANNAH. ☜

NO BREAKAGE OF BULK.

Through rates given and Bills of Lading signed from Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Savannah, at the very lowest published rates. If Quick Time, Low Rates and Prompt Settlements for loss or damage, occurring on the line, constitute a claim to your patronage, then instruct your correspondents to ship "via Atlantic and Gulf Railroad."

Agent, Savannah, Ga.

Call on Mr. H. P. CLARK, Agent of the Macon and Western Railroad, for the latest published Tariff of Rates and Classification of Freights, to Atlanta.

The General Agent cordially invites his Atlanta friends, who may visit New York, to call at the office of the Line—they will find a desk at their service and Atlanta papers on file.

C. D. OWENS, General Agent,
228 Broadway, cor Barclay st.
Post-office address, Box 3022.
New York, February 1, 1870.

G. T. ANDERSON,
General Western Agent Atlantic and Gulf, and Macon and Brunswick Railroad, Atlanta, Georgia.

feb11-dif

JOHN LEIPER. R. P. MENEFEE.

Established 1850.

Leiper & Menefee,

Near the Railroad Depot,

MURFREESBORO, TENNESSEE,

Produce Commission Merchants,

DEALERS IN

PRODUCE, BACON, LARD, WHEAT, CORN, ETC., ETC.

Agents for the purchase of COTTON.

WAREHOUSE

Immediately on Track Railroad.

NO CHARGE FOR DRAYAGE.

Gas Store, (If need be, for Parties.)

100,000 Bushels of Grain.

And keep it in bins, thus saving Sacking, Ratage and Waste in Storage.

aug6-d3m

SOUTHERN DOMESTIC

Gas Light Company,

ROME, GEORGIA.

(ORGANIZED MARCH 29, 1870.)

Capital Stock, - - - $100,000.

JUDGE W. W. CLAYTON, PRESIDENT.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Judge W. W. Clayton, President.
Major C. H. Smith,
Colonel Reuben Moses,
Charles M. Harper,
Captain Absolom Griffin,
Colonel Samuel Gibbons,
Dr. John W. James,
H. H. Smith,
Thomas J. Perry, Secretary.

THIS Company has purchased the right to manufacture and sell "Dyer's Gas Generator," in the States of Georgia, Alabama, Florida and South Carolina. The gas is generated by a simple chemical process without fear of explosion. Machines are made suitable for dwellings, printing offices, hotels, churches, halls and factories, in cities or in the country.

The gas generated from the "Generator" for beauty, safety and economy is unrivalled—the cost being not over one-fifth of the coal gas. Machines in successful operation and may be examined by the public at the office of the Georgia State Agricultural Society in Atlanta, where the undersigned will be glad to receive orders or give any information that may be desired.

JOHN L. D. HILLYER,
sept 1-dif General Agent.

Great Western Pipe Works,

Newport, Kentucky.

WE desire to call the attention of Gas and Water Companies to our largely increased capacity for the manufacture of Cast Iron Pipe of all sizes, from 2 inches to 60 inches in diameter. Parties with whom we order for both and supply, or with "Robbins' Patent" for the latter can be laid with great rapidity, the joints being formed together with hydraulic pressure. It can be laid in either wet or dry trenches, and is perfectly tight.

As we are makers of our own pig iron it gives us assurance of uniformity in quality, with promptness and certainty of delivery.

All communications should be addressed to

T. G. GAYLORD & CO.,
23 Broadway, Cincinnati.

sept1-d6m

Plantation for Sale.

WILL be sold on the first Tuesday in December next, at public out cry, a

Well Improved Farm,

Containing Five Hundred Acres of Land, near Mud Lick Cotton and Grain Mill, in the county of Newton, Ga.

JOHN MAE PEACH.

Sept. 1st, 1870.

The Beaver Brand

Of Silk Finished,

Fast Black,

Pure Mohair,

AND THE

SABLE BRAND.

DIAMOND LUSTRE

TURKISH BLACK

BRILLIANTINES!

They are made of the finest hair of the Turkey Goat, and as they combine great weight with the highest degree of brilliancy, they have been pronounced

THE MOST BEAUTIFUL

Black Lustred Goods

EVER IMPORTED!

We also invite special attention to our large and well assorted stock of

FLANNELS,

BLANKETS,

AND KENTUCKY JEANS.

SHAWLS,

Suited to the entire Trade at exceedingly

LOW PRICES.

Our Wholesale Department

Is now complete and entirely opened for the Fall Trade.

M. C. & J. F. KISER.

Dry Goods.

M. C. & J. F. KISER,

76 Whitehall Street,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

—DEALERS IN—

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

Dry Goods!

YANKEE NOTIONS,

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS.

ALSO THE CELEBRATED

—OF—

BLACK ALPACAS!

THE BEST IN THE WORLD!

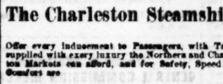
Railroads.

THE

GREAT SOUTHERN

PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE!



VIA

ATLANTA and AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

The Eating Houses

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this line are affable and courteous to passengers.

NO CHANGE OF CARS,

BETWEEN

WEST POINT, GA.,

AND

Wilmington, North Carolina.

QUICK TIME AND SURE CONNECTION

VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta,

TO

Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York.

BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta

AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

PULLMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS

ON

ALL NIGHT TRAINS LEAVING ATLANTA

BY THE ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships,

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.

The Charleston Steamships

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

Unrivaled on the Coast.

Through Tickets on Sale at

MONTGOMERY, WEST POINT AND ATLANTA

TO

NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS.

J. A. Robert,

General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.

april 1-dif

1870!

Passengers Desiring to Visit

ANY OF THE

Northern, Southern, Eastern,

—OR—

Western Cities,

Should study well the Attractions offered by the

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD,

The celebrated Passenger Route of the South.

The Only Route from Atlanta

RUNNING A DOUBLE

Daily Through Passenger Train,

Preventing the Possibility of a Delay of Twenty-Four (24) hours, incident to lines running but one Daily Train.

The Passenger Equipment of this Road is Superior to that of any Road in the South.

In addition to the

LUXURIOUS COACHES

Of the Road, there are attached to all Night Trains, the FAR FAMED

PULLMAN SLEEPERS,

Which furnish accommodations equal to a first-class hotel.

Tickets are on sale at reduced rates, for the summer season, TICKETS to

Grumbler White Sulphur Springs,
Montgomery White Sulphur Springs,
Allegheny Springs,
Cooper's Springs,
Blue's Springs,
Harrison Springs,
Little Sweet Springs,
Bedford Alum Springs,
Montvale Springs,
Sembrie Springs,
Natural Bridge of Virginia,
Locust Mountain,
Mammoth Cave,
Niagara Falls,
Hot Springs, of Arkansas,

And all other resorts in

IN THE UNITED STATES.

This is the only Road in the south offering for sale Through Tickets to

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Steamers Leave San Francisco

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China and Japan,

ON THE FIRST DAY IN EACH MONTH.

Tickets can be purchased in all the principal cities, and baggage checked to destination and insured, at Atlanta, Ga.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

R. W. Grubbs,
General Superintendent and Engineer.

L. J. Harris,
Master Transportation and Machinery.

Peyton Mahoney,
Master Road.

C. A. Fraser,
Chief Engineer.

L. J. Hunter,
Master Armorer.

Patent Medicines.

READ!

It is well known to Druggists that for many years we have been subject to numerous complaints from persons who have used various remedies for the cure of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Jaundice, Sick Headache, Impurities of the Blood, and Diseases arising from a disordered condition of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels. These complaints are the result of Impure Blood, and we have been constantly importuned to find some remedy that would enable them to treat these diseases with success.

At last that remedy has been discovered by one of the most skillful physicians in the State of Georgia. That remedy is

BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR.

It is purely vegetable, and is put up in Atlanta, Ga., by Bradfield & Co.

It will purify the blood and strengthen the system, relieve irritation of the kidneys, and is a perfect specific for all the above diseases, as a certain cure as quinine is in Chills and Fever.

For a history of cures and certificates of its wonderful cures, the reader is referred to the wrapper around each bottle.

Every bottle warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded.

LAGRANGE, Ga., March 28, 1870.

BRADFIELD & Co., Atlanta, Georgia:

DEAR SIRS: I take pleasure in stating that I have used, for the last twenty years, the medicine you are putting up, known as Dr. J. BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR, and consider it the best combination of any system that I have ever used. I shall always be found recommending it. I have been familiar with the prescription, both as practioner of medicine and in domestic practice, and can honestly say that I consider it a boon to suffering females, and can but hope every lady in the land, who may be suffering in any way peculiar to their sex, may be able to procure a bottle, that their sufferings may not only be relieved, but that they may be restored to health and strength.

With my kindest regards, I am, respectfully,
W. B. FERRELL, M. D.

We, the undersigned, Druggists, take pleasure in commending to the trade Dr. J. BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR—believing it to be a good and reliable remedy for the diseases for which he recommends it.

W. A. LANSDELL, Atlanta, Georgia.
PEMBERTON, WILLSON & TAYLOR & CO., Atlanta, Georgia.
REDWINE & FOX, Atlanta, Georgia.
W. C. LAWSHE, Atlanta, Georgia.
W. ROOT & SON, Marietta, Georgia.

Dr. Prophitt's

Celebrated Liver Medicine.

It is purely vegetable, and will act upon the Liver and Kidneys as promptly as Calomel and Bucku, without any danger of salivation or disarrangement of the bones.

Parties taking this medicine need not fear getting wet, or any other reasonable exposure.

Symptoms of Liver Disease:

Headache, Dull Feeling or the Blues, Sour Stomach, Sick or Nervous Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Bad or Bitter Taste in the Mouth, the skin has a thick, rough feeling, and is darker than usual. Costiveness, Melancholy Feelings, Cramp, Cold Feet, Colic, Dysentery or Diarrhœa, Chills and Fever, and Piles. In fact, when the Liver is out of order, you are liable to every disease that is not contagious.

Prophitt's Liver Medicine, if taken properly, will prevent any and all of these diseases arising from a deranged Liver.

It will regulate its functions and thus cure all diseases caused by the failure of its healthy action.

It has been used for a great number of years, and has given universal satisfaction.

There is no brother or son claiming to have the original receipt. It is put up in both Powder and Fluid form.

FAIRBURN, Ga., September 4, 1868.

DR. O. S. PROPHITT:

SIR: My wife has been an invalid for fifteen years. Doctors all agree she had "Liver Disease." In connection with their practice she used various noted remedies, none of which seemed to do any good. Sometime ago I purchased a bottle of "Liver Medicine," of your agent here, C. A. Harvey, which being given according to directions, has effected a complete cure.

GEO. L. THOMPSON.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 18, 1870.

MESSRS. BRADFIELD & Co.:

GENTLEMEN—Last year, during my travels in Alabama and Southwest Georgia, I contracted chills and fever, and my general health became very bad. I tried various remedies, and among others Shallenberger's Pills—all to no purpose. I was troubled with intense pain in the small of my back, and for months I did not have a moment's rest. I had well nigh despaired of recovering when a friend recommended me to take Dr. Prophitt's Liver Medicine. I did so, and one bottle has cured me; and to-day I feel like another man. I consider it one of the best medicines for general use now put up, and, without any reservation, recommend it to the afflicted.

I am, gentlemen, very respectfully, yours, etc.,
O. M. HARRALSON.

DR. PROPPHITT'S

1870!

Dysentery Cordial

Is one of the most valuable compounds now put up for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Infatum, or Cholera Morbus.

This medicine has been in use for years, and gives universal satisfaction.

The most delicate child may take it with impunity.

COVINGTON, Ga., November 9, 1867.

DR. PROPHITT:

Having a severe attack of Dysentery during the past summer, I was induced to use your Dysentery Cordial, and derived therefrom immediate and permanent relief. It gives me pleasure to recommend this remedy, so all who may be so attacked, believing that, should the directions be followed, relief would surely be obtained.

Yours, etc.,
C. S. PORTER.

CUSSETA, TEXAS, 1869.

DR. PROPHITT:

DEAR SIR—Your Liver Medicine and Pain Kill It is a complete success.

J. L. WHITTLE.

PROPHITT'S

Pain Kill It!

This is the celebrated medicine that runs Perry Davis' Pain Killer out of the market, wherever it was sold. Davis made Prophitt change the name from Pain Killer to Pain Kill It.

For Rheumatism, Neuralgia, or pain of any kind, it has no equal.

For Cuts, Bruises, Burns, or old Sores, it is the best thing you can use for a dressing.

For Snake Bites or Stings of Poisonous Insects, it is a perfect antidote.

It is good for Colic, Colds, Coughs or Bowell Complaint. Its name indicates its nature fully. It is truly DEATH to pain.

Manufactured and sold by BRADFIELD & CO., Atlanta, Georgia, and by all Druggists.

NEWTON FACTORY, Ga., November, 1867.

DR. PROPHITT:

Last summer my horse sprained his ankle severely, causing the whole leg to swell to about twice the natural size, and rendering him almost helpless. Two applications of your Anodyne Pain Kill It thoroughly cured it.

JOHN B. DAVIS.

DR. PROPHITT'S

Fever and Ague Pills,

The best Antidote for Chills and Fever known. Cures warranted in every case or money refunded. Purely vegetable.

DR. PROPHITT'S

Anti-Bilious Pills

Will relieve Headache, Nervousness, Jaundice, and all other derangements of the Liver. Purely vegetable.

Manufactured and for sale by BRADFIELD & CO., Broad Street, Atlanta, Georgia, and for sale by all Druggists of Atlanta, Georgia, at manufacturer's prices.

CERTIFICATES.

We, the undersigned, have used Dr. Prophitt's Preparations and take pleasure in recommending them to the public, as being all he claims for them:

Rev. W. H. Crawford, Covington, Ga.; O. T. Rogers, Covington, Ga.; O. S. Porter, Covington, Ga.; Prof. J. L. Jones, Covington, Ga.; R. W. Arnold, Covington, Ga.; Rev. W. Ogden, Georgia Conference; F. W. Swanson, Monticello, Ga.; Robert Bell, Jasper county, Ga.; A. M. Robinson, Monticello, Ga.; Rev. Wright, Putnam county, Ga.; A. Wadsworth, Putnam county, Ga.; Judge J. J. Floyd, Covington, Ga.; W. Bethel, Covington Enterprise, Ga.; A. R. Leader, Covington, Ga.; George Wallace, Atlanta, Ga.; Buck Lockett, Davis county, Texas; W. Black, Walton county, Texas; W. C. Roberts, Lizzie Rogers, Covington, Ga.; Sweney & Stewart, Atlanta, Ga.; W. A. Lester, Decatur, Atlanta, Ga.; R. F. Maddox & Co., Atlanta, Ga.; Urish Brothers, Atlanta, Ga.; Ellis & Co., Atlanta, Ga.; T. G. Orr, W. A. Rutherford, Jasper county, Ga.; John R. Davis, Newton County; B. F. Bass, Lowndes county, Ga.

STATE OF GEORGIA, Rincon.

Before me, Henry Gnann, Notary Public, in and for said county, personally appeared Dr. Prophitt, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that the certificates published by him in favor of his Liver Medicine, Pain Kill It, Fever and Ague Pills, and Anti-Bilious Pills, are genuine, and that he has in his possession the original letters from which the certificates were published, and that he will produce the same when called upon.

DR. PROPHITT.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 10th day of January, 1870.

HENRY GNANN, Notary Public.

Patent Medicines.

LIPPMAN'S

GREAT

German Bitters.

The Purest Medicated Cordial

—OF—

The Age!

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters strengthens the debilitated.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters strengthens the consumptive.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Kidney Complaints.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Female Complaints.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, an old German Tonic.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, the most delightful and effective in the world.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures "never well" people.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters gives an appetite.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Liver Complaint.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters gives tone to digestive organs.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters strikes at the root of disease.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters givesn energy.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Nervousness.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters purifies the Spring Blood.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, the best Medicine.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters regulates the Bowels.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters excites the Torpid Liver.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, best Physicians recommend.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters will give Youthful Vigor.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Debility.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, $1,000 for a better remedy.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, the favorite of Germany.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters prevents Chills and Fever.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters has met with success everywhere.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA., May, 1870.

MESSRS. JACOB LIPPMAN & BRO.:

GENTLEMEN—I certify that I have examined and used in my practice "Lippman's Great German Bitters." I regard them as an admirable tonic and appetizer.

J. W. POINDEXTER, M. D.

B. F. WYLY, PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO., and A. J. WEST & CO.,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA,

Wholesale Agents

—FOR—

LIPPMAN'S GREAT GERMAN BITTERS.

LIPPMAN'S PYRAFUGE,

—THE—

Great Chill and Fever Expeller.

ONE DOSE STOPS THE CHILLS.

NEAR GRAHAMVILLE, S. C., November 10, 1869.

MR. LIPPMAN:

DEAR SIR—Please send me half dozen bottles of your invaluable and infallible Pyrafuge. The bearer himself was cured of a two years old chill and fever and his whole family. It never fails.

Yours respectfully, WM. F. ROBERT.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

MAYOR'S OFFICE,